OmniOn
POWER

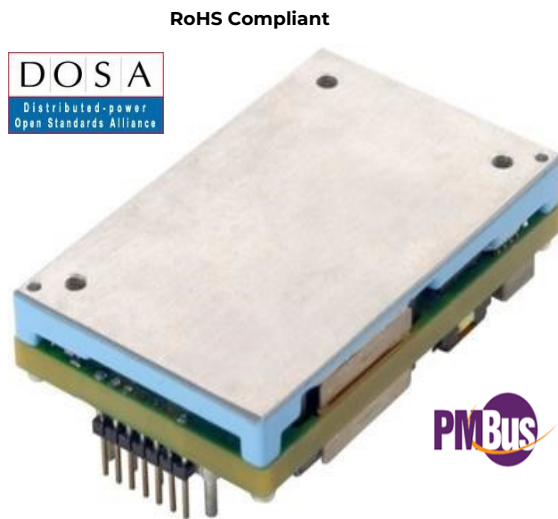# QSD(V)W050A0B Barracuda III Series* DC-DC Converter Power Modules

## 36-75V$_{dc}$ Input; 12.0V$_{dc}$, 50A, 600W Output

**RoHS Compliant**



## Description

The QSD(V)W050A0B Barracuda III series of dc-dc converters are a new generation of DC/DC power modules designed to support intermediate bus applications where multiple low voltages are subsequently generated using point of load (POL) converters, as well as other application requiring a tightly regulated output voltage. The QSD(V)W050A0B series operate from an input voltage range of 36 to 75V$_{dc}$ and provide up to 50A output current at output voltages from 9.6V$_{dc}$ to 12V$_{dc}$, and 600W output power from output voltages of 12.1V$_{dc}$

to 13.2V$_{dc}$ in a DOSA standard quarter brick. Two versions are offered, "D" with a digital communications interface and "V" with the standard control interface. These converters incorporate digital control, synchronous rectification technology, a fully regulated control topology, and innovative packaging techniques to achieve efficiency of 96% peak at 12V$_{dc}$ output. This leads to lower power dissipation such that for many applications a heat sink is not required. Standard features include a base plate, output-voltage trim, remote sense, on/off control, output over-current and over-voltage protection, over-temperature protection, input under- and over-voltage lockout, power good signal and PMBus interface.

The output is fully isolated from the input, allowing versatile polarity and grounding connections. Built-in filtering for both input and output minimizes the need for external filtering.

## Applications

- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Servers and storage applications
- Networking equipment including Power over Ethernet (PoE)
- Fan assemblies and other systems requiring a tightly regulated output voltage

## Options

- Active-Droop Load Sharing ("-P" option code)
- Negative Remote On/Off logic ("1" option code, factory preferred)
- Auto-restart after fault shutdown ("4" option code, factory preferred)

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## Standard Features

- Peak efficiency 96% (48V in)
- Flat efficiency >95.6% from 55% to 100% rated output
- Wide input voltage range: 36-75$V_{dc}$
- Adjustable output voltage, 9.6$V_{dc}$ to 13.2$V_{dc}$, either tightly regulated or with active droop for connecting    multiple modules in parallel
- Digital communication interface with PMBus™ Rev.1.2 compliance ^ (D versions)
- Tunable transient response via PMBus
- Standard control interface with On/Off, Remote Sense and Output-voltage Trim inputs (V versions)
- Low output ripple and noise
- Constant switching frequency
- Output over-current, -voltage & -temperature protection
- Wide operating temperature range (-40°C to 85°C)

- Base plate for better thermal performance

- Industry-standard, DOSA-compliant Quarter brick: 58.4 mm x 36.8 mm x 13.7 mm MAX (2.30 in x 1.45 in x 0.54 in MAX)
- ANSI/UL# 62368-1 and CAN/CSA† C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE‡ 0868-1/A11:2017 (EN62368-1:2014/A11:2017)
- Meets the voltage and current requirements for ETSI 300-132-2 and complies with and licensed for Basic insulation rating per EN62368-1
- 2250 Vdc Isolation tested in compliance with IEEE 802.3¤ PoE standards
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and amended Directive (EU) 2015/863 (-Z versions)
- Compliant to REACH Directive (EC) No 1907/2006
- CE mark 2014/35/EU directive§
- ISO** 9001 and ISO14001 certified manufacturing facilities

FOOTNOTES:

* Trademark of OmniOn Company

^ PMBus name and logo are registered trademarks of SMIF, Inc. # UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.

† CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.

‡ VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.

§ This product is intended for integration into end-user equipment . All of the required procedures of end-use equipment should be followed.

¤ IEEE and 802 are registered trademarks of the Institute of Electrical and  Electronics Engineers, Incorporated.

** ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards

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# Technical Specifications

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the Data Sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

| Parameter | Device | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input Voltage* <br>   Operating continuous <br>   Operating transient ≤ 100mS <br>   Non-operating continuous | | $V_{IN}$ <br><br> $V_{IN}$ | -0.3 <br> -0.3 <br> -0.3 | 75 <br> 100 <br> 100 | $V_{dc}$ <br> $V_{dc}$ <br> $V_{dc}$ |
| $V_{ON/OFF}$ to $V_{IN}(-)$ | All | $V_{ON/OFF}$ | - | 14.5 | $V_{dc}$ |
| Logic Pin Voltage (to SIG_GND or VO(-)) <br> TRIM/C1, C2, ADDR0, ADDR1, CLK, DATA, SMBALERT | D Version | $V_{pin}$ | -0.3 | 3.6 | $V_{dc}$ |
| Operating Ambient Temperature <br>   (See Thermal Considerations section) | All | $T_A$ | -40 | 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | All | $T_{stg}$ | -55 | 125 | °C |
| I/O Isolation Voltage (100% factory Hi-Pot tested) | All | - | - | 2250 | $V_{dc}$ |

\* Input over voltage protection will shutdown the output voltage when the input voltage exceeds threshold level.

## Input Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

| Parameter | Device | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Operating Input Voltage | | $V_{IN}$ | 36 | 48 | 75 | $V_{dc}$ |
| Maximum Input Current <br>   ($V_{IN}$=0V to 75V, $I_O$=$I_{O, max}$) | | $I_{IN,max}$ | - | - | 19 | $A_{dc}$ |
| Input No Load Current <br>   ($V_{IN} = V_{IN, typ}$, $I_O = 0$, module enabled) | All | $I_{IN,No\ load}$ | | 160 | | mA |
| Input Stand-by Current <br>   ($V_{IN} = V_{IN, typ}$, module disabled) | All | $I_{IN,stand-by}$ | | | 30 | mA |
| External Input Capacitance | All | | 100 | - | - | µF |
| Inrush Transient (for fuse sizing) | All | $I^2t$ | - | - | 1 | $A^2s$ |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current (1) <br> (5Hz to 20MHz, $V_{IN}$= 48V, $I_O$= $I_{Omax}$) | All | | - | 900 | - | $mA_{rms}$ |
| Input Reflected Ripple Current, peak-to-peak <br> (5Hz to 20MHz, 12µH source impedance; $V_{IN}$= 48V, $I_O$= $I_{Omax}$;      see Figure 11) | All | | - | 90 | - | $mA_{p-p}$ |
| Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz) | All | | - | 25 | - | dB |

[1] Measured at module input pin with maximum specified input capacitance and < 500uH between voltage source and input capacitance.

**CAUTION: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.**

This power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple standalone operation to an integrated part of sophisticated power architecture, including hot-plug with no external inrush limiting. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included, however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 25 A (see Safety Considerations section). Based on the information provided in this Data Sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's Data Sheet for further information.

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Output Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

| Parameter | Device | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output Voltage Set-point (Default) <br> ($V_{IN}=V_{IN,typ}$, $I_O$=25.0A, $T_A$=25°C) | All | $V_{O,\,set}$ | 11.97 | 12.00 | 12.03 | $V_{dc}$ |
| Output Voltage Variation from Default <br> (Over all operating input voltage (36V to 75V), resistive load, and temperature conditions until end of life) | All w/o -P <br> -P Option | $V_O$ <br> $V_O$ | 11.76 <br> 11.63 | - <br> - | 12.24 <br> 12.37 | $V_{dc}$ <br> $V_{dc}$ |
| Output Regulation [$V_{IN,\,min}$ = 36V] <br>     Line ($V_{IN}=V_{IN,\,min}$ to $V_{IN,\,max}$) <br>     Line ($V_{IN}=V_{IN,\,min}$ to $V_{IN,\,max}$) <br>     Load ($I_O=I_{O,\,min}$ to $I_{O,\,max}$) <br>     Load ($I_O=I_{O,\,min}$ to $I_{O,\,max}$), Intentional Droop <br>     Temperature ($T_A$ = -40°C to +85°C) | <br> All w/o -P <br> -P Option <br> All w/o -P <br> -P Option <br> All | | <br> <br> <br> <br> <br> | <br> 0.2 <br> 0.5 <br> 0.2 <br> 0.50 <br> 2 | <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - | <br> % $V_{O,\,set}$ <br> % $V_{O,\,set}$ <br> % $V_{O,\,set}$ <br> $V_{dc}$ <br> % $V_{O,\,set}$ |
| Output Ripple and Noise on nominal output <br> ($V_{IN}=V_{IN,\,typ}$, $C_O=C_{O,\,min}$, and $I_O=I_{O,\,min}$ to $I_{O,\,max}$) <br>     RMS (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth) <br>     Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth) | <br> <br> All <br> All | | <br> <br> - <br> - | <br> <br> 70 <br> 200 | <br> <br> - <br> - | <br> <br> $mV_{rms}$ <br> $mV_{pk-pk}$ |
| External Output Capacitance (V version) <br>     When 2 or more modules are in parallel | All <br> -P Option | $C_O$ | 470[2] <br> 470[2] | - | 5,000 <br> 5,000 | µF <br> µF |
| External Output Capacitance (D version*) <br>     For $C_O$ >5000uF, $I_O$ must be < 50% $I_{O,\,max}$ during $T_{rise}$. <br>     * Customer shall tune loop coefficients via PMBus <br>     When 2 or more modules are in parallel | <br> <br> All <br> -P Option | $C_O$ Default Tuning <br> $C_O$ with Tuning* | <br> 470[2] <br> 470[2] <br> 470[2] | - | <br> 5,000 <br> 20,000 <br> 5,000 | <br> <br> µF <br> µF |
| Output Current | All | $I_O$ | 0 | | 50 | $A_{dc}$ |
| VOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT (Default)(Adjustable via PMBus, D version) | All | $I_{O,lim}$ | - | 60 | - | $A_{dc}$ |
| Efficiency <br><br> $I_O$= 55% to 100% $I_{O,\,max}$, $V_O=V_{O,set}$ | All | $\eta$ | | 95.6 | | % |
| Switching Frequency | | $f_{sw}$ | | 150 | | kHz |
| Dynamic Load Response <br>     $dI_O/dt$=1A/1µs; $V_{in}=V_{in,typ}$; $T_A$=25°C; <br>     (Tested with a 1.0µF ceramic, a 10µF tantalum, and <br><br>     Load Change from $I_O$ = 50% to 75% of $I_{O,max}$: <br>     Peak Deviation <br>     Settling Time ($V_O$ <10% peak deviation) <br>     Load Change from $I_O$ = 75% to 50% of $I_{O,max}$: <br>     Peak Deviation <br>     Settling Time ($V_O$ <10% peak deviation) | <br> <br> <br> <br> All <br> <br> <br> All | <br> <br> <br> <br> $V_{pk}$ <br> $t_s$ <br> <br> $V_{pk}$ <br> $t_s$ | <br> <br> <br> <br> - <br> - <br> <br> - <br> - | <br> <br> <br> <br> 500 <br> 700 <br> <br> 500 <br> 700 | <br> <br> <br> <br> - <br> - <br> <br> - <br> - | <br> <br> <br> <br> $mV_{pk}$ <br> µs <br> <br> $mV_{pk}$ <br> µs |

(2) $C_O$ min shall be increased to 2200uF for startup temperatures <-10°C.

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## General Specifications

| Parameter | Device | Symbol | Typ | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Calculated Reliability Based upon Telcordia SR-332 Issue 3: Method I, Case 3, ($I_O$=80%$I_{O, max}$, $T_A$=40°C, Air-flow = 200LFM),  90% confidence | All | MTBF | 8,893,804 | Hours |
| | All | FIT | 112.4 | $10^9$/Hours |
| Weight – with Base plate option | | | 78 (2.8) | g (oz.) |

## Isolation Specifications

| Parameter | Device | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Isolation Capacitance | All | $C_{iso}$ | - | 1000 | - | pF |
| Isolation Resistance | All | $R_{iso}$ | 10 | - | - | MΩ |

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Feature and Protection Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

| Parameter | Device | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Remote On/Off Signal Interface ($V_{IN}=V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$ , Signal referenced to $V_{IN}$- terminal) Negative Logic: device code suffix "1" Logic Low = module On, Logic High = module Off Positive Logic: No device code suffix required Logic Low = module Off, Logic High = module On  Logic Low Specification | | | | | | |
| On/Off Thresholds: | | | | | | |
| Remote On/Off Current – Logic Low (Vin =100V) | All | $I_{on/off}$ | 280 | - | 310 | µA |
| Logic Low Voltage | All | $V_{on/off}$ | -0.3 | - | 0.8 | $V_{dc}$ |
| Logic High Voltage – (Typ = Open Collector) | All | $V_{on/off}$ | 2.0 | - | 14.5 | $V_{dc}$ |
| Logic High maximum allowable leakage current ($V_{on/off}$ = 2.0V) | All | $I_{on/off}$ | - | - | 10 | µA |
| Maximum voltage allowed on On/Off pin | All | $V_{on/off}$ | - | - | 14.5 | $V_{dc}$ |
| TON_DELAY and TON_RISE (Adjustable via PMBus, D version) | | | | | | |
| $T_{delay}$=Time until $V_O$ = 10% of $V_{O,set}$ from either application of $V_{in}$ with Remote On/Off set to On (Enablewith Vin); or operation of Remote On/Off from Off to On with Vin already applied for at least 150 milli-seconds     (Enable with on/off). ($I_O=I_{O, max}$) * Increased $T_{delay}$ due to startup for parallel modules. | All w/o -P | $T_{delay, Enable with Vin}$ | - | - | 150 | ms |
| | All w/o -P | $T_{delay, Enable with on/off}$ | - | - | 10 | ms |
| | -P Option | $T_{delay, Enable with Vin}$ | - | - | 180* | ms |
| | -P Option | $T_{delay, Enable with on/off}$ | - | - | 40* | ms |
| $T_{rise}$=Time for $V_O$ to rise from 10% to 90% of $V_{O,set}$, For $C_O$ >5000uF, $I_O$ must be < 50% $I_{O, max}$ during $T_{rise}$. * Increased $T_{rise}$ when Vo exists at startup for parallel modules. | All w/o -P | $T_{rise}$ | - | - | 15 | ms |
| | -P Option | $T_{rise}$ | - | - | 300* | ms |
| Load Sharing Current Balance (difference in output current across all modules with outputs in parallel, no load to full load) | -P Option | $I_{diff}$ | | | 3 | A |
| Remote Sense Range | All | $V_{Sense}$ | - | - | 0.5 | $V_{dc}$ |
| VOUT_COMMAND (Adjustable via PMBus, D version) | All | $V_{O, set}$ | 9.6 | | 13.2 | $V_{dc}$ |
| VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT  (Adjustable via PMBus, D version) | All | $V_{O,limit}$ | $V_{O,set}$-+2.5V | | $V_{O,set}$-+5.0V | $V_{dc}$ |
| OT_FAULT_LIMIT (Adjustable via PMBus for D version) | All | $T_{internal}$ | - | 129[3] | - | °C |
| OT_WARN_LIMIT (Adjustable via PMBus for D version) | All | $T_{internal}$ | - | 120[3] | - | °C |
| Input Undervoltage Lockout (Adjustable via PMBus, D version) | | | | | | |
| VIN_ON | | | 33 | 35 | 36 | $V_{dc}$ |
| VIN_OFF | | | 31 | 33 | 34 | $V_{dc}$ |
| Input Overvoltage Lockout (Adjustable via PMBus, D version) Turn-off  Threshold [VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT] | | | - | 85 | - | $V_{dc}$ |
| Turn-on Threshold (follows VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT -7V) | | | - | 78 | - | $V_{dc}$ |
| Pull down resistance of PGOOD pin | All | | | | 150 | Ω |
| Sink current capability into PGOOD pin ($V_{PG}$=2.2V) | All | | | | 15 | mA |

[3] or 6°C lower than this setting when $V_{IN}$ ≤ 44.5V

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Digital Interface Specifications (D Versions)

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

| Parameter | Conditions | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PMBus Signal Interface Characteristics | | | | | | |
| Input High Voltage (CLK, DATA) | | $V_{IH}$ | 2.1 | | 3.6 | V |
| Input Low Voltage (CLK, DATA) | | $V_{IL}$ | | | 0.8 | V |
| Input high level current (CLK, DATA) | | $I_{IH}$ | -10 | | 10 | µA |
| Input low level current (CLK, DATA) | | $I_{IL}$ | -10 | | 10 | µA |
| Output Low Voltage (CLK, DATA, SMBALERT#) | $I_{OUT}$=2mA | VOL | | | 0.4 | V |
| Output Low internal sink current (CLK, DATA) | $V_{OL}$=0.4V | $I_{OL}$ | 4 | | | mA |
| Output Low internal sink current (SMBALERT#) | $V_{OL}$=0.4V | $I_{OL}$ | 2 | | | mA |
| Output high level internal leakage current (DATA, SMBALERT#) | $V_{OUT}$=3.6V | $I_{OH}$ | 0 | | 10 | µA |
| Pin capacitance | | $C_O$ | | 0.7 | | pF |
| PMBus Operating frequency range (* 5-10 kHz to accommodate hosts not supporting clock stretching) | Slave Mode | FPMB | 5* | | 400 | kHz |
| Measurement System Characteristics | | | | | | |
| Output current reading range | | $I_{OUT(RNG)}$ | 1.6500 | | 63.937 | A |
| Output current reading blanking | | $I_{OUT(BNK)}$ | 0 | | 1.5875 | A |
| Output current reading resolution | | $I_{OUT(RES)}$ | | 62.5 | | mA |
| Output current reading accuracy | 16.5A< Iout <50.0A | $I_{OUT(ACC)}$ | -5.0 | -1.4 | 3.0 | % |
| Output current reading accuracy (absolute difference between actual and reported values) | 1.65A< Iout <16.5A | $I_{OUT(ACC)}$ | -1.7 | | 2.5 | A |
| $V_{OUT}$ reading range | | $V_{OUT(RNG)}$ | 0 | | 15.9997 | V |
| $V_{OUT}$ reading resolution | | $V_{OUT(RES)}$ | | 0.244 | | mV |
| $V_{OUT}$ reading accuracy | | $V_{OUT(ACC)}$ | -2.0 | 0.6 | 2.0 | % |
| $V_{IN}$ reading range | | $V_{IN(RNG)}$ | 0 | | 127.875 | V |
| $V_{IN}$ reading resolution | | $V_{IN(RES)}$ | | 125 | | mV |
| $V_{IN}$ reading accuracy | | $V_{IN(ACC)}$ | -4.0 | 0.8 | 4.0 | % |
| Temperature reading resolution | | $T_{(RES)}$ | | 0.25 | | °C |
| Temperature reading accuracy | | $T_{(ACC)}$ | -5.0 | | 5.0 | % |

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the QSD(V)W050A0B (12V, 50A) at 25°C. The figures are identical for either positive or negative Remote On/Off logic.
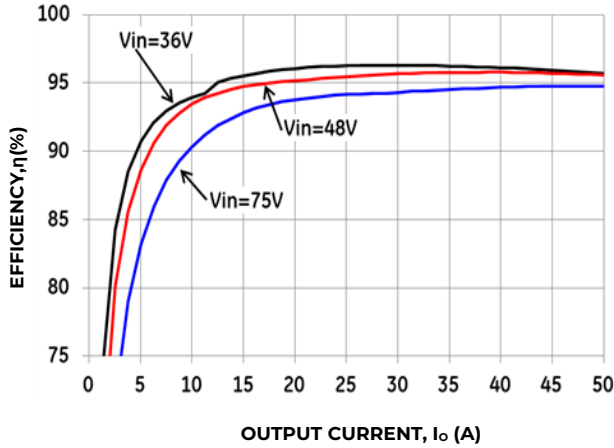


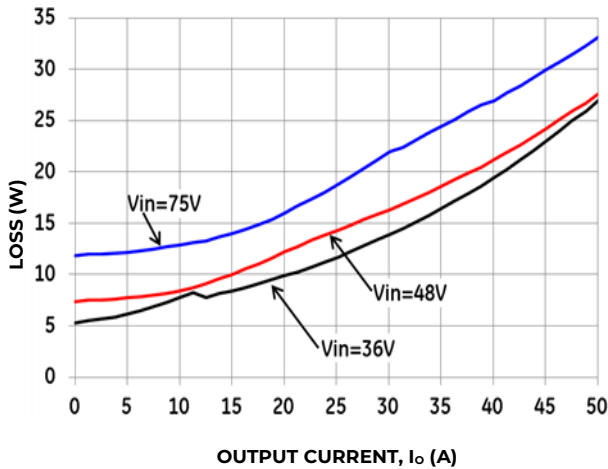**Figure 1. Typical Converter Efficiency vs. Output Current.**



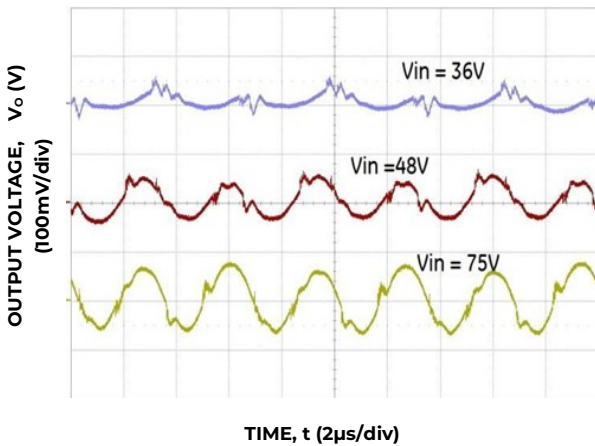**Figure 2. Typical Converter Loss vs. Output Current.**



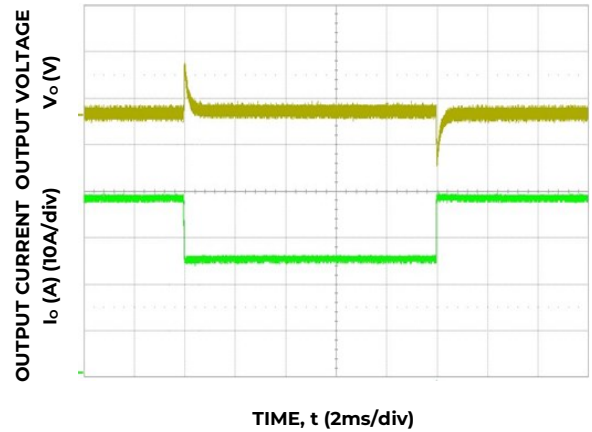**Figure 3. Typical Output Ripple and Noise, $I_o = I_{o,max}$, $Co = Co,min$**



**Figure 4. Typical Transient Response to 1.0A/μs Step Change in Load from 50% to 75% to 50% of Full Load, Co=470μF and 48 Vdc Input.**
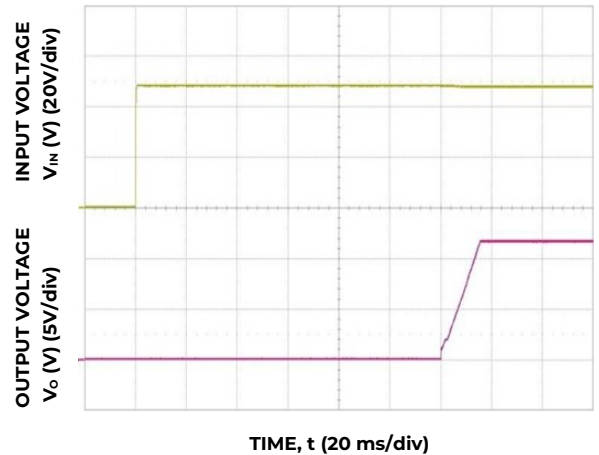


**Figure 5. Typical Start-Up Using Vin with Remote On/Off enabled, negative logic version shown.**
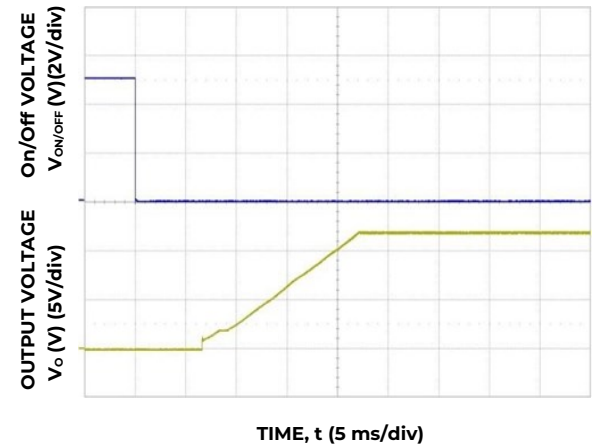


**Figure 6. Typical Start-Up Using Remote On/Off with Vin applied, negative logic version shown.**

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# Technical Specifications (continued)
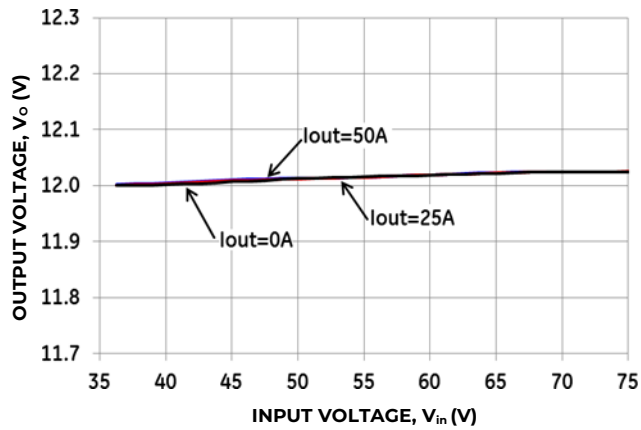
## Characteristic Curves (continued)



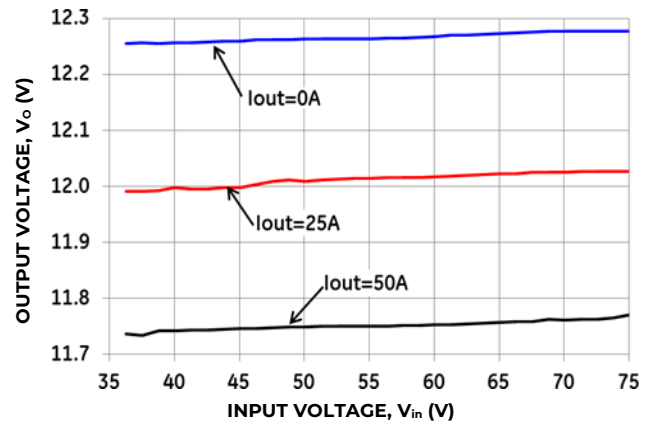**Figure 7. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs. Input Voltage.**



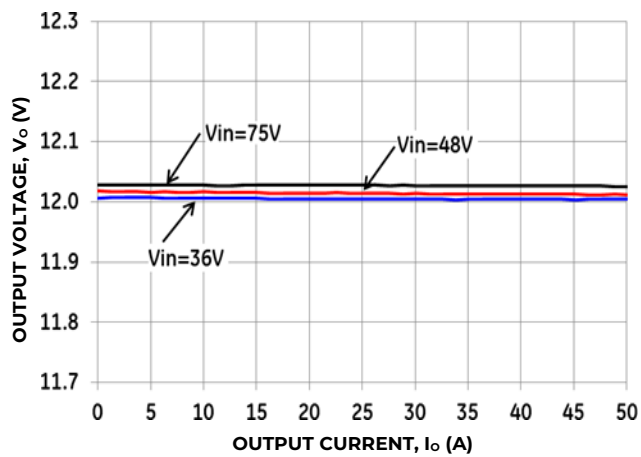**Figure 9. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs. Input Voltage for the −P Version.**



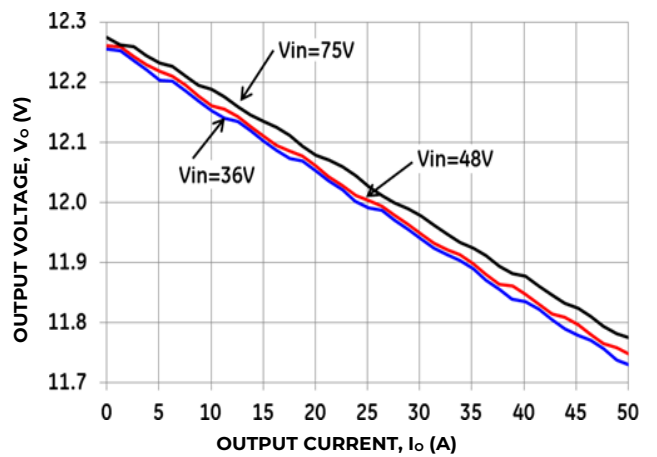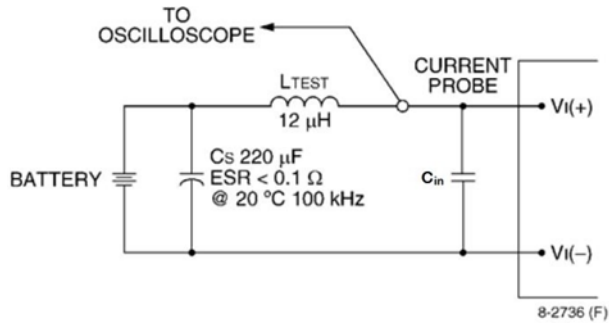**Figure 8. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs. Output Current.**



**Figure 10. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs. Output Current for the −P Version.**
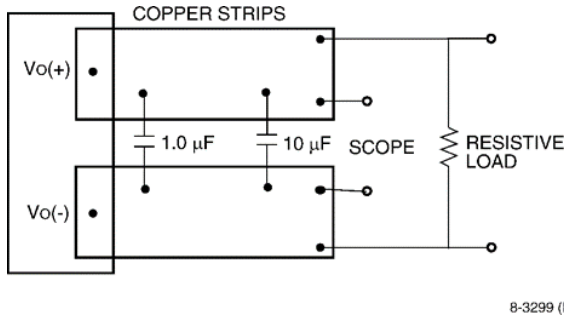
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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Test Configurations



Note: Measure input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source inductance (LTEST) of 12 µH. Capacitor CS offsets possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.

**Figure 11. Input Reflected Ripple Current Test Setup.**



Note: Use a 1.0 µF ceramic capacitor and a 10 µF aluminum or tantalum capacitor. Scope measurement should be made using a BNC socket. Position the load between 51 mm and 76 mm (2 in. and 3 in.) from the module.

**Figure 12. Output Ripple and Noise Test Setup.**
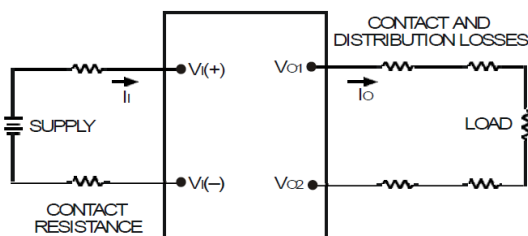


Note: All measurements are taken at the module terminals. When socketing, place Kelvin connections at module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

$$\eta = \left( \frac{[V_O(+) - V_O(-)]I_O}{[V_I(+) - V_I(-)]I_I} \right) \times 100\%$$

**Figure 13. Output Voltage and Efficiency Test Setup.**

## Design Considerations

### Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance source. A highly inductive source impedance can affect the stability of the power module. For the test configuration in Figure 10, a 100µF electrolytic capacitor, Cin, (ESR<0.7Ω at 100kHz), mounted close to the power module helps ensure the stability of the unit. If the module is subjected to rapid on/off cycles, a 330µF input capacitor is required. Consult the factory for further application guidelines.

### Safety Considerations

For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL ANSI/UL 62368-1 and CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE 0868- 1/A11:2017 (EN62368-1:2014/A11:2017).

If the input source is non-SELV (ELV or a hazardous voltage greater than 60 $V_{dc}$ and less than or equal to 60$V_{dc}$), for the module's output to be considered as meeting the requirements for safety extra-low voltage (SELV) or ES1, all of the following must be true:

- The input source is to be provided with reinforced insulation from any other hazardous voltages, including the ac mains.
- One VIN pin and one $V_{OUT}$ pin are to be grounded, or both the input and output pins are to be kept floating.
- The input pins of the module are not operator accessible.
- Another SELV or ES1 reliability test is conducted on the whole system (combination of supply source and subject module), as required by the safety agencies, to verify that under a single fault, hazardous voltages do not appear at the module's output.

Note: Do not ground either of the input pins of the module without grounding one of the output pins. This may allow a non-SELV/ES1 voltage to appear between the output pins and ground.

The power module has safety extra-low voltage (SELV) or ES1 outputs when all inputs are SELV or ES1. The power module has internally generated voltages exceeding safety extra-low voltage ESLV or ES1. Consideration should be taken to restrict operator accessibility.

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Safety Considerations (continued)

For input voltages exceeding 60 $V_{dc}$ but less than or equal to 75 $V_{dc}$, these converters have been evaluated to the applicable requirements of BASIC INSULATION between secondary DC MAINS DISTRIBUTION input (classified as TNV-2 in Europe) and unearthed SELV outputs.

The input to these units is to be provided with a maximum 25 A fast-acting (or time-delay) fuse in the unearthed lead.

## Feature Descriptions

### Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault output overload condition, the QSD(V)W050A0B module is equipped with internal current- limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. If the overcurrent condition causes the output voltage to fall below 4.0V, the module will shut down. The module is factory default configured for auto-restart operation. The auto-restart feature continually attempts to restore the operation until fault condition is cleared. If the output overload condition still exists when the module restarts, it will shut down again. This operation will continue indefinitely until the overcurrent condition is corrected.

The IOUT_OC_WARN threshold level, IOUT_OC_FAULT threshold level, and IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE can be reconfigured via the PMBus interface. If the FAULT_RESPONSE is reconfigured to remain latched off following an overcurrent shutdown, the overcurrent latch is reset by either cycling the input power, or by toggling the on/off pin for one millisecond.

### Output Overvoltage Protection

The module contains circuitry to detect and respond to output overvoltage conditions. If the overvoltage condition causes the output voltage to rise above the limit in the Specifications Table, the module will shut down. The QSD(V)W050A0B module is factory default configured for auto-restart operation. The auto- restart feature continually attempts to restore the operation until fault condition is cleared. If the output overvoltage condition still exists when the module restarts, it will shut down again. This operation will continue indefinitely until the overvoltage condition is corrected.

The VOUT_OV_FAULT threshold level and VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE can be reconfigured via the PMBus interface. If the FAULT _RESPONSE is reconfigured to remain latched off following an overvoltage shutdown, the overvoltage latch is reset by either cycling the input power, or by toggling the on/off pin for one millisecond.

### Overtemperature Protection

The modules feature an overtemperature protection circuit to safeguard against thermal damage. The circuit shuts down the module just before any internal component exceeds its absolute maximum operating-temperature limit. The module is factory configured to automatically restart once the internal temperature cools by ~13°C.

"D" versions include an overtemperature warning signal to indicate some internal components may be operating above temperature limits which have been derated for improved reliability according to IPC-9592B.

The OT_WARN and OT_FAULT threshold levels and OT_FAULT_RESPONSE can be reconfigured via the PMBus interface. If the FAULT _RESPONSE is reconfigured to remain latched off following an overtemperature shutdown, the overtemperature latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off pin for one millisecond.

### Input Under Voltage Lockout

When Vin exceeds VIN_ON, the module output is enabled, when Vin falls below VIN_OFF, the module output is disabled. VIN_ON and VIN_OFF can be reconfigured via the PMBus interface. A minimum 2V hysteresis between VIN_ON and VIN_OFF is required.

### Input Over Voltage Lockout

The QSD(V)W050A0B module contains circuitry to detect and respond to input overvoltage conditions. If the overvoltage condition causes the input voltage to rise above the limit in the Specifications Table, the module will shut down. The module is factory default configured for auto-restart operation. The auto-restart feature continually monitors the input voltage and will restart the module when the level falls 7V below the VIN_OV_FAULT level.

The VIN_OV_FAULT threshold level can be reconfigured via the PMBus interface.

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Feature Descriptions (continued)

### Remote On/Off (input side)

The module contains a standard on/off control circuit reference to the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal. Two factory configured remote on/off logic options are available. Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic-high voltage on the ON/OFF pin, and off during a logic LO. Negative logic remote on/off turns the module off during a logic HI, and on during a logic LO. Negative logic, device code suffix "1," is the factory-preferred configuration. The On/Off circuit is powered from an internal bias supply, derived from the input voltage terminals. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the On/Off terminal and the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal ($V_{on/off}$). The switch can be an open collector or equivalent (see Figure 14). A logic LO is $V_{on/off}$ = -0.3V to 0.8V. The typical $I_{on/off}$ during a logic LO (Vin=48V, On/Off Terminal=0.3V) is 147µA. The switch should maintain a logic-low voltage while sinking 310µA. During a logic HI, the maximum $V_{on/off}$ generated by the power module is 8.2V. The maximum allowable leakage current of the switch at Von/off = 2.0V is 10µA. If using an external voltage source, the maximum voltage Von/off on the pin is 14.5V with respect to the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal.

If not using the remote on/off feature, perform one of the following to turn the unit on:

For negative logic, short ON/OFF pin to $V_{IN}(-)$.
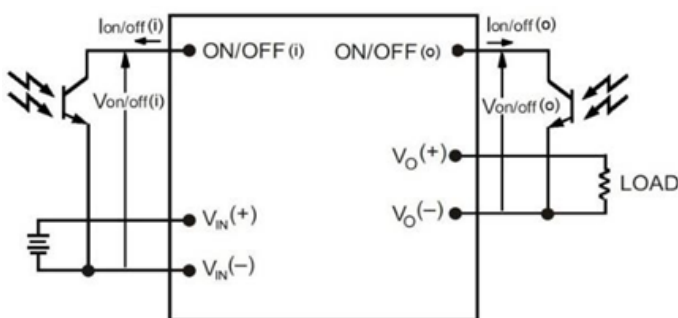
For positive logic: leave ON/OFF pin open.



**Figure 14. Remote On/Off Implementation.**

### Load Sharing

For higher power requirements, the QSD(V)W050A0 power module offers an optional feature for parallel operation (-P Option code). This feature provides a precise forced output voltage load regulation droop characteristic. The output set point and droop slope are factory calibrated to insure optimum matching of multiple modules' load regulation characteristics. To implement load sharing, the following requirements should be followed:

- The $V_{OUT}(+)$ and $V_{OUT}(-)$ pins of all parallel modules must be connected together. Balance the trace resistance for each module's path to the output power planes, to insure best load sharing and operating temperature balance.

- $V_{IN}$ must remain between $36V_{dc}$ and $75V_{dc}$ for droop sharing to be functional.

- It is permissible to use a common Remote On/Off signal to start all modules in parallel.

- These modules contain means to block reverse current flow upon start-up, when output voltage is present from other parallel modules, thus eliminating the requirement for external output ORing devices. Modules with the –P option will self determine the presence of voltage on the output from other operating modules, and automatically increase its Turn On delay, $T_{delay}$, as specified in the Feature Specifications Table.

- When parallel modules startup into a pre-biased output, e.g. partially discharged output capacitance, the $T_{rise}$ is automatically increased, as specified in the Feature Specifications Table, to insure graceful startup.

- Insure that the load is <50% $I_{O,MAX}$ (for a single module) until all parallel modules have started (load full start > module $T_{delay}$ time max + $T_{rise}$ time).

- If fault tolerance is desired in parallel applications, output ORing devices should be used to prevent a single module failure from collapsing the load bus.

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

### Remote Sense

The QS<u>D</u>W050A0, and the QS<u>V</u>W050A0B with option "9" (see Ordering Information), are capable of remote output-voltage sensing and regulation using pins SENSE(+) and SENSE(–). The SENSE(-) pin should be always connected to VO(–). If SENSE(+) is left unconnected, the output voltage is sensed inside the module.

Remote sense minimizes the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage at the remote-sense connections (See Figure 15). The voltage between the remote-sense pins and the output terminals must not exceed the output voltage sense range given in the Feature Specifications table:

$$[V (+) - V (–)] - [SENSE(+)] \leq 0.5 \text{ V}$$

Although the output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and by the trim, the maximum increase for the output voltage is not the sum of both. The maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim. The amount of power delivered by the module is defined as the voltage at the output terminals multiplied by the output current. When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module can be increased, which at the same output current, would increase the power output of the module. Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power (Maximum rated power = $V_{o,set}$ x $I_{o,max}$).
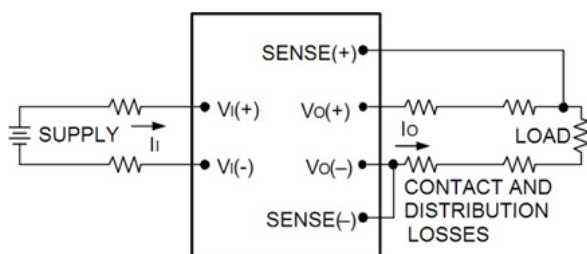


**Figure 15. Circuit Configuration for remote sense.**

### Output Control Pins

The QS<u>V</u>W050A0B with option "9" (see Ordering Information) includes a TRIM/C1 pin permanently configured for Trim as described below.

The QS<u>D</u>W050A0B contains two configurable control pins, T/C1 and C2, referenced to the module secondary SIG_GND. See Mechanical Views for pin locations. The following table list the default factory configurations for the functions assigned to these pins. Additional configurations can be accomplished via the PMBus command, MFR_C1_C2_ARA_CONFIG [0xE0]. Following the table, there is a feature description for each function

| Pin Designation/Function | | Module Code | Configuration |
|---|---|---|---|
| T/C1 | C2 | | |
| On/Off (O) | Power Good | w/o -P | Factory Default |
| Trim | On/Off (O) | w/o -P | Via PMBus |
| Trim | Power Good | w/o -P | Via PMBus |
| On/Off (O) | Power Good | with -P | Factory Default |

### Remote On/Off (output side)

The module contains an additional remote on/off control input On/Off(o), via either the T/C1 or C2 pin, reference to the $V_O$(-) terminal. This command is also used to configure the logic for the On/Off(o) pin. Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic-high voltage on the ON/OFF pin, and off during a logic low. Negative logic remote on/off turns the module off during a logic high, and on during a logic low. The On/Off(o) circuit is powered from an internal bias supply, referenced to SIG_GND. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the On/Off (o) terminal and the $V_O$(-) terminal ($V_{on/off}$(o)). The switch can be an open collector or equivalent (see Figure 14). A logic low is $V_{on/off}$(o) = -0.3V to 0.8V. The typical $I_{on/off}$(o) during a logic low is 330μA. The switch should maintain a logic-low voltage while sinking 250μA. During a logic high, the maximum $V_{on/off}$(o) generated by the power module is 3.3V. The maximum allowable leakage current of the switch at $V_{on/off}$(o) = 2.0V is 130μA. If using an external voltage source, the maximum voltage $V_{on/off}$ on the pin is 3.3V with respect to the $V_0$(-) terminal.

If not using the Remote On/Off(o) feature, the pin may be left N/C.

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Feature Descriptions (continued)

### Power Good, PG

The QSD(V)W050A0B module provides a Power Good (PG) feature, which compares the module's output voltage to the module's POWER_GOOD_ON and POWER_GOOD_OFF values. These values are Adjustable via PMBus, D version. PG is asserted when the module's output voltage is above the POWER_GOOD_ON value, and PG is de-asserted if any condition such as overtemperature, overcurrent or loss of regulation occurs that would result in the output voltage going below the POWER_GOOD_OFF value.

The PG signal, provided on pin C2, is implemented with an open- drain node, pulled up via a 10kΩ resistor to 3.3V internally. For Positive Logic PG (default), the PG signal is HI, when PG is asserted, and LO, when the PG is de-asserted. For Negative Logic PG, the PG signal is LO, when PG is asserted, and HI, when the PG is de-asserted.

The PMBus command MFR_PGOOD _POLARITY is used to set the logic polarity of the signal.

If not using the Power Good feature, the pin may be left N/C.

### Trim, Output Voltage Programming

Trimming allows the output voltage set point to be increased or decreased; this is accomplished by connecting an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the $V_O(+)$ pin or the $V_O(-)$ pin.
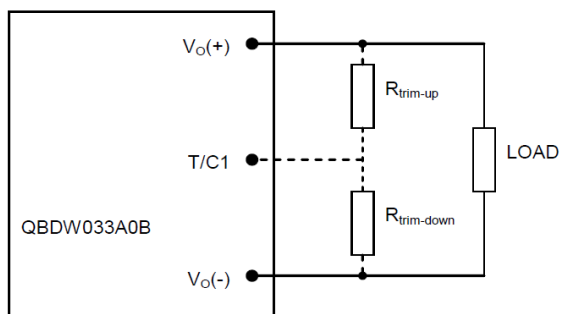


**Figure 16. Circuit Configuration to Trim Output Voltage.**

Connecting an external resistor ($R_{trim-down}$) between the T/C1 pin and the Vo(-) (or Sense(-)) pin decreases the output voltage set point. To maintain set point accuracy, the trim resistor tolerance should be ±1.0%.

The following equation determines the required external resistor value to obtain a percentage output voltage change of Δ%.

$$R_{trim-down} = \left[\frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22\right] K\Omega$$

$$\text{Where} \quad \Delta\% = \left(\frac{12.0V - V_{desired}}{12.0V}\right) \times 100$$

For example, to trim-down the output voltage of the module by 20% to 9.6V, Rtrim-down is calculated as follows: Δ%=20

$$R_{trim-down} = \left[\frac{511}{20} - 10.22\right] K\Omega$$

$$R_{trim-down} = \quad 15.3 K\Omega$$

Connecting an external resistor ($R_{trim-up}$) between the T/C1 pin and the $V_O(+)$ (or Sense (+)) pin increases the output voltage set point. The following equations determine the required external resistor value to obtain a percentage output voltage change of Δ%:

$$R_{trim-up} = \left[\frac{5.11 \times 12.0V \times (100+\Delta\%)}{1.225 \times \Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22\right] K\Omega$$

$$\text{Where} \quad \Delta\% = \left(\frac{V_{desired} - 12.0V}{12.0V}\right) \times 100$$

For example, to trim-up the output voltage of the module by 5% to 12.6V, Rtrim-up is calculated is as follows: Δ%=5

$$R_{trim-up} = \left[\frac{5.11 \times 12.0 \times (100+5)}{1.225 \times 5} - \frac{511}{5} - 10.22\right] K\Omega$$

$$R_{trim-up} = \quad 938.8 K\Omega$$

The voltage between the Vo(+) and Vo(–) terminals must not exceed the minimum output overvoltage protection value shown in the Feature Specifications table. This limit includes any increase in voltage due to remote-sense compensation and output voltage

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## Feature Descriptions (continued)

### Trim, Output Voltage Programming (continued)

set-point adjustment trim. Although the output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and by the trim, the maximum increase for the output voltage is not the sum of both. The maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim. The amount of power delivered by the module is defined as the voltage at the output terminals multiplied by the output current. When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module can be increased, which at the same output current would increase the power output of the module. Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power (Maximum rated power = $V_{O,set}$ x $I_{O,max}$).

### Output Voltage Transient Response and External Capacitance Optimization

The module meets the specified capacitance range and transient response requirements with the default control-loop compensation. However the D-version module allows users to adjust the digital compensation to optimize the module's transient response and extend its external output capacitance capability. For details, please see Digital Features, Adjusting Control-Loop Compensation.

## Thermal Considerations

The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel, using automated thermocouple instrumentation to monitor key component temperatures: FETs, diodes, control ICs, magnetic cores, ceramic capacitors, opto-isolators, and module pwb conductors, while controlling the ambient airflow rate and temperature. For a given airflow and ambient temperature, the module output power is increased, until one (or more) of the components reaches its maximum derated operating temperature, as defined in IPC-9592B. This procedure is then repeated for a different airflow or ambient temperature until a family of module output derating curves is obtained.
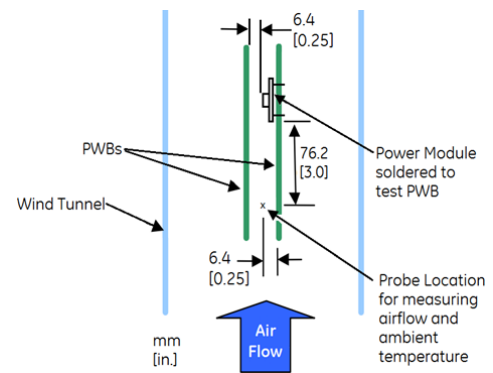


The power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments and sufficient cooling should be provided to help ensure reliable operation. Thermal considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability.

Heat-dissipating components are mounted on the top side of the module. Heat is removed by conduction, convection and radiation to the surrounding environment. Proper cooling can be verified by measuring the worst-case air temperature and speed just upstream of the module, and measuring or estimating the module output power. For reliable operation, the output power of the module should not exceed the rated power for the module as listed in the Ordering Information table, or the derated power for the actual operating conditions as indicated in the derating curves of Figs. 18-23.
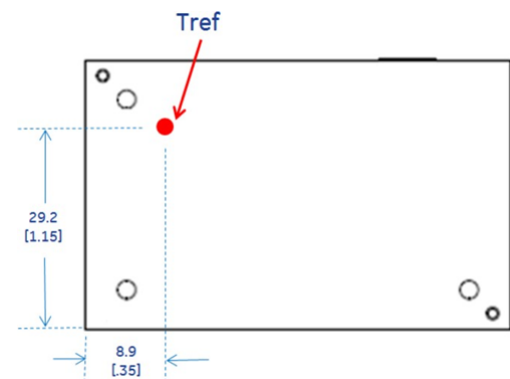


**Figure 17. Location of the thermal reference temperature Tref for Baseplate module.**

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Thermal Considerations (continued)

A simpler but less accurate way to ensure reliable operation is to measure the thermal reference temperature Tref at the position indicated in Figure 17. This temperature should be limited to 100°C, or a lower value for extremely high reliability. However this method limits power more than necessary for some thermal conditions, especially high ambient temperatures with ≤ 0.5" heatsink. The Tref limit may be disregarded if the derating-curve method of the previous paragraph is used.

Please refer to the Application Note "Thermal Characterization Process For Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules" for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.

## Heat Transfer via Convection

Increased airflow over the module enhances the heat transfer via convection. The thermal derating of figure 18-23 shows the maximum output current that can be delivered by each module in the indicated orientation versus local ambient temperature ($T_A$) for three local air speeds.

The use of Figure 18 is shown in the following example:

**Example**

What is the minimum airflow necessary for a QSD(V) W050A0B operating at $V_I$ = 48 V, an output current of 35A, and a maximum ambient temperature of 60°C in transverse orientation.

Solution:
Given: $V_{in}$= 48V, $I_O$ = 35A, $T_A$ = 60°C
Determine required airflow velocity (Use Figure 18):
Velocity = 1.5m/s (300 LFM) or greater

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## Thermal Considerations (continued)



**Figure 18. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QSD(V)W050A0B -H at 48V in with Transverse airflow from $V_{in}(-)$ to $V_{in}(+)$ ; Vin=48V.**



**Figure 21. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QSD (V)W050A0B-H with a 0.5" Heat Sink and Longitudinal Airflow from Vout to Vin; Vin=48V.**



**Figure 19. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QSD(V) W050A0B-H with Longitudinal Airflow from Vout to Vin; Vin=48V.**



**Figure 22. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QSD (V)W050A0B-H with a 1.0" Heat Sink and Transverse Airflow from Vin(-) to Vin(+); Vin=48V.**



**Figure 20. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QSD(V) W050A0B-H with a 0.5" Heat Sink and Transverse Airflow from Vin(-) to Vin(+); Vin=48V.**

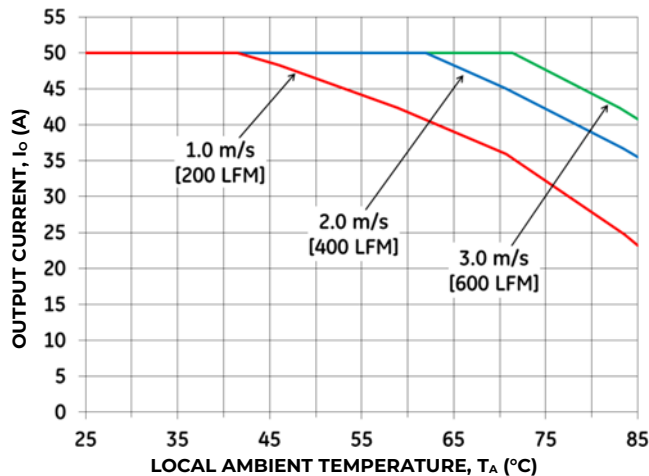

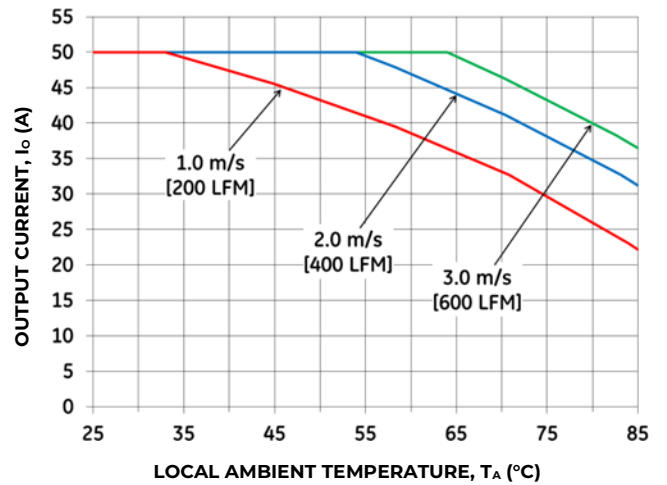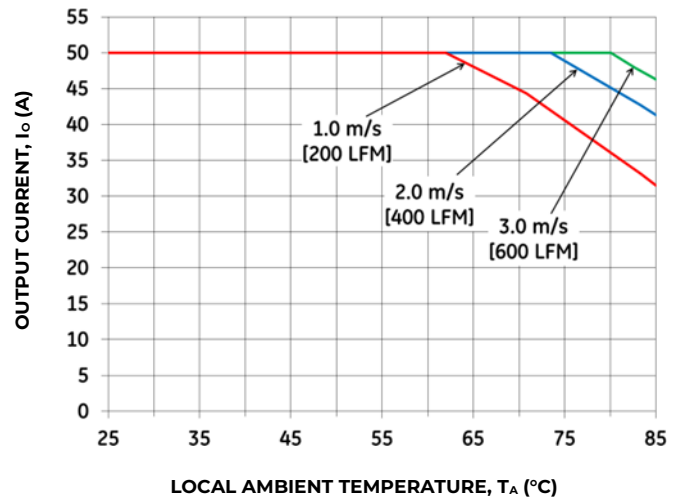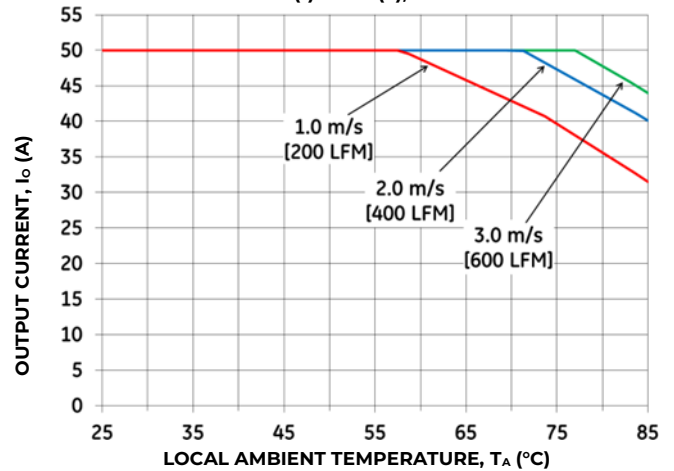**Figure 23. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QSD(V)W050A0B-H with a 1.0" Heat Sink and Longitudinal Airflow from Vout to Vin; Vin=48V.**

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Layout Considerations

The QSD(V)W050A0B power module series are low profile in order to be used in fine pitch system card architectures. As such, component clearance between the bottom of the power module and the mounting board is limited. Avoid placing copper areas on the outer layer directly underneath the power module. Also avoid placing via interconnects underneath the power module.

For additional layout guide-lines, refer to FLTR100V10 Data Sheet.

## Through-Hole Lead-Free Soldering Information

The RoHS-compliant, Z version, through-hole products use the SAC (Sn/Ag/Cu) Pb-free solder and RoHS-compliant components. The non-Z version products use lead-tin (Pb/Sn) solder and RoHS-compliant components. Both version modules are designed to be processed through single or dual wave soldering machines. The pins have an RoHS-compliant, pure tin finish that is compatible with both Pb and Pb-free wave soldering processes. A maximum preheat rate of 3°C/s is suggested. The wave preheat process should be such that the temperature of the power module board is kept below 210°C. For Pb solder, the recommended pot temperature is 260°C, while the Pb-free solder pot is 270°C max. Not all RoHS - compliant through-hole products can be processed with paste-through-hole Pb or Pb-free reflow process. If additional information is needed, please consult with your OmniOn representative for more details.

## Reflow Lead-Free Soldering Information

The RoHS-compliant through-hole products can be processed with the following paste-through-hole Pb or Pb-free reflow process.

Max. sustain temperature :

245°C (J-STD-020C Table 4-2: Packaging Thickness>=2.5mm / Volume > 2000mm$^3$),

Peak temperature over 245°C is not suggested due to the potential reliability risk of components under continuous high- temperature.

Min. sustain duration above 217°C : 90 seconds Min. sustain duration above 180°C : 150 seconds Max. heat up rate: 3°C/sec

Max. cool down rate: 4°C/sec

In compliance with JEDEC J-STD-020C spec for 2 times reflow requirement.

## Pb-free Reflow Profile

BMP module will comply with J-STD-020 Rev. C (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb- free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures. BMP will comply with JEDEC J-STD-020C specification for 2 times reflow requirement. The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). The recommended   linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in Figure 24.
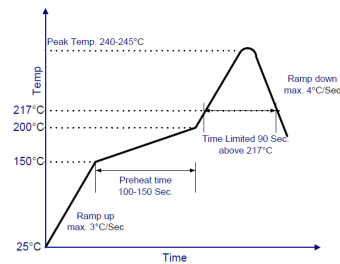


**Figure 24. Recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder.**

## MSL Rating

The QSD(V)W050A0B modules have a MSL rating of 2a.

## Storage and Handling

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J-STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/ Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of ≤30°C and 60% relative humidity varies according to the MSL rating (see

J-STD-060A). The shelf life for dry packed SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions: < 40°C, < 90% relative humidity.

## Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to OmniOn Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning Application Note (AP01-056EPS).

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## EMC Considerations

The circuit and plots in Figure 25 shows a suggested configuration to meet the conducted emission limits of EN55032 Class A. For further information on designing for EMC compliance, please refer to the FLT012A0Z data sheet.
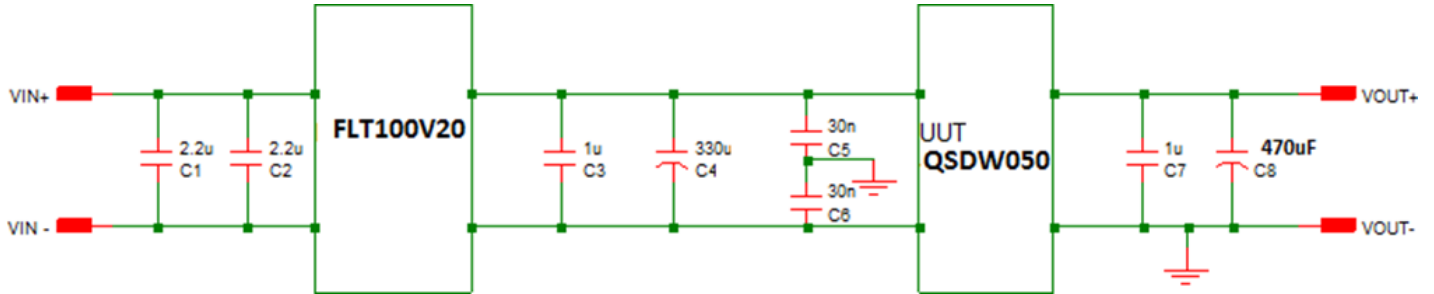


C1, C2   2.2uF 100V 1210

C3, C7   1uF 100v 1210

C4        330uF 100V Nichicon VR series

C5, C6   0.01uF 1500V 1210

C8        470uF 16V Oscon
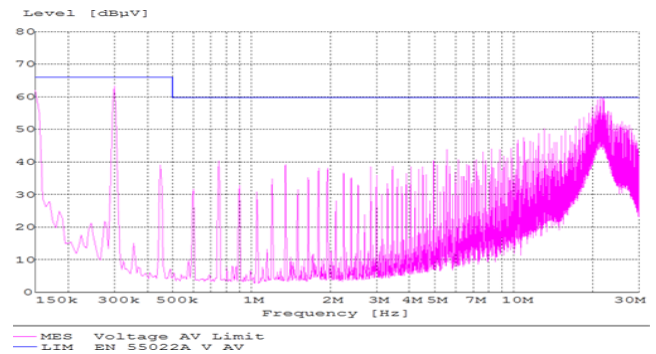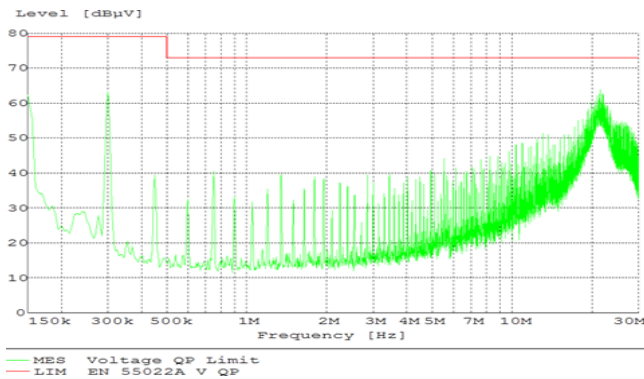


**Figure 25. EMC Consideration**

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Packaging Details

All versions of the QSD(V)W050A0B are supplied as standard in the plastic trays shown in Figure 26. Each tray contains a total of 12 power modules. The trays are self-stacking and each shipping box for the QSD(V)W050A0B module contains 2 full trays plus one empty hold-down tray giving a total number of 24 power modules.

## Tray Specification

| | |
|---|---|
| Material | PET (1mm) |
| Max surface resistivity | $10^9$ -$10^{11}$Ω/PET |
| Color | Clear |
| Capacity | 12 power modules |
| Min order quantity | 24 pcs (1 box of 2 full trays + 1 empty top tray) |
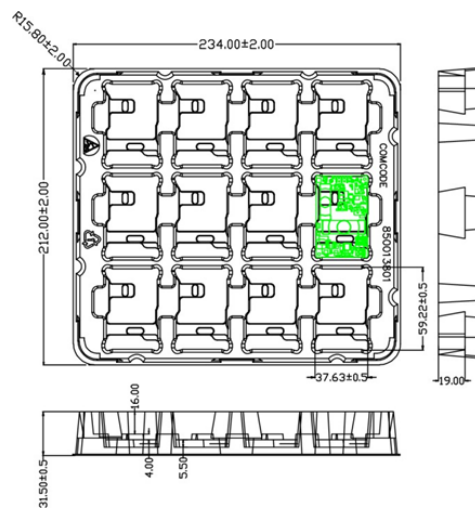


**Figure 26. QSD(V)W050 Packaging Tray**

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Digital Feature Descriptions (D Versions)

### PMBus Interface Capability

The QSDW050A0B series is equipped with a digital PMBus interface to allow the module to be configured, and communicate with system controllers. Detailed timing and electrical characteristics of the PMBus can be found in the PMB Power Management Protocol Specification, Part 1, revision 1.2, available at http://pmbus.org. The QSDW050A0B supports both the 100kHz and 400kHz bus timing requirements. The QSDW050A0B shall stretch the clock, as long as it does not exceed the maximum clock LO period of 35ms. The QSDW050A0B will check the Packet Error Checking scheme (PEC) byte, if provided by the PMBus master, and include a PEC byte in all responses to the master. However, the QSDW050A0B does not require a PEC byte from the PMBus master.

The QSDW050A0B supports a subset of the commands in the PMBus 1.2 specification. Most all of the controller parameters can be programmed using the PMBus and stored as defaults for later use. All commands that require data input or output use the linear format. The exponent of the data words is fixed at a reasonable value for the command and altering the exponent is not supported. Direct format data input or output is not supported by the QSDW050A0B. The supported commands are described in greater detail below.

The QSDW050A0B contains non-volatile memory that is used to store configuration settings and scale factors. The settings programmed into the device are not automatically saved into this non-volatile memory though. The STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command must be used to commit the current settings to non- volatile memory as device defaults. The settings that are capable of being stored in non-volatile memory are noted in their detailed descriptions.

### SMBALERT Interface Capability

The QSDW050A0B also supports the SMBALERT response protocol. The SMBALERT response protocol is a mechanism through which the QSDW050A0B can alert the PMBus master that it has an active status or alarm condition via pulling the SMBALERT pin to an active low. The master processes this condition, and simultaneously addresses all slaves on the PMBus through the Alert Response Address. Only the slave(s) that caused the alert (and that support the protocol) acknowledges this request. The master performs a modified receive byte operation to get the slave's address. At this point, the master can use the PMBus status commands to query the slave that caused the alert. Note: The QSDW050A0B can only respond to a single address at any given time. Therefore, the factory default state for the QSDW050A0B module is to retain its resistor programmed address, when it is in an ALERT active condition, and not respond to the ARA. This allows master systems, which do not support ARA, to continue to communicate with the slave QSDW050A0B using the programmed address, and using the various READ_STATUS commands to determine the cause for the SMBALERT. The CLEAR_FAULTS command will retire the active SMBALERT. However, when the QSDW050A0B module is used in systems that do support ARA, Bit 4 of the MFR_C1_C2_ARA_CONFIG [0xE0] command can be used to reconfigure the module to utilize ARA. In this case, the QSDW050A0B will no longer respond to its programmed address, when in an ALERT active state. The master is expected to perform the modified received byte operation, and retire the ALERT active signal. At this time, the QSDW050A0B will return to its resistor programmed address, allowing normal master-slave communications to proceed. The QSDW050A0B does not contain capability to arbitrate data bus contention caused by multiple modules responding to the modified received byte operation. Therefore, when the ARA is used in a multiple module PMBus application, it is necessary to have the QSDW050A0B module at the lowest programmed address in order for the host to properly determine all modules' address that are associated with an active SMBAlert. Please contact your OmniOn sales representative for further assistance, and for more information on the SMBus alert response protocol, see the System Management Bus (SMBus) specification.

### PMBus Addressing

The power module can be addressed through the PMBus using a device address. The module has 64 possible addresses (0 to 63 in decimal) which can be set using resistors connected from the ADDR0 and ADDR1 pins to GND. Note that some of these addresses (0 through 12, 40, 44, 45, and 55 in decimal) are reserved according to the SMBus specifications and may not be useable. The address is set in the form of two octal (0 to 7) digits, with each pin setting one digit. The ADDR1 pin sets the high order digit and ADDR0 sets the low order digit. The resistor values suggested for each digit are shown in Table 4 (1% tolerance resistors are recommended).

# Technical Specifications (continued)

| Digit | Resistor Value (KΩ) |
|-------|---------------------|
| 0 | 10 |
| 1 | 15.4 |
| 2 | 23.7 |
| 3 | 36.5 |
| 4 | 54.9 |
| 5 | 84.5 |
| 6 | 130 |
| 7 | 200 |

**Table 4**
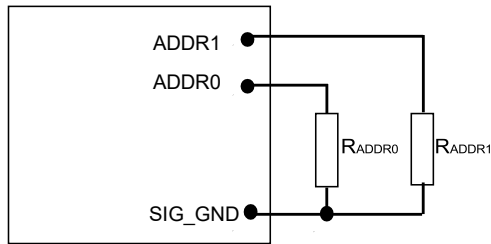


**Figure 27. Circuit showing connection of resistors used to set the PMBus address of the module.**

The user must know which I²C addresses are reserved in a system for special functions and set the address of the module to avoid interfering with other system operations. Both 100kHz and 400kHz bus speeds are supported by the module.

Connection for the PMBus interface should follow the High Power DC specifications given in section 3.1.3 in the SMBus specification V2.0 for the 400kHz bus speed or the Low Power DC specifications in section 3.1.2. The complete SMBus specification is available from the SMBus web site, SMBus.org

## PMBus Data Format

For commands that set or report any voltage thresholds related to output voltage (including VOUT_COMMAND, VOUT_MARGIN, POWER_GOOD and READ_VOUT), the module supports the linear data format consisting of a two byte value with a 16-bit, unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:
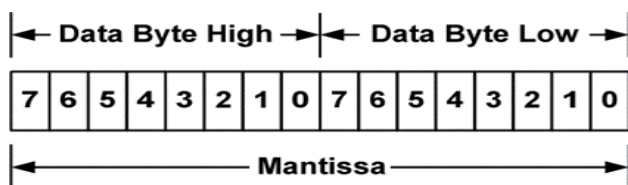


The value of the number is then given by

$$Value = Mantissa \times 2^{-12}$$

For commands that set all other thresholds, voltages or report such quantities, the module supports the linear data format consisting of a two byte value with an 11-bit, two's complement mantissa and a 5-bit, two's complement exponent.

The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The value is of the number is then given by

$$Value = Mantissa \times 2^{Exponent}$$

## PMBus-Enabled On/Off

The module can also be turned on and off via the PMBus interface. The OPERATION command is used to actually turn the module on and off via the PMBus, while the ON_OFF_CONFIG command configures the combination of analog ON/OFF pin input and PMBus commands needed to turn the module on and off. Bit [7] in the OPERATION command data byte enables the module, with the following functions:

0 : Output is disabled

1 : Output is enabled

This module uses the lower five bits of the ON_OFF_CONFIG data byte to set various ON/OFF options as follows

| Bit Position | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|--------------|---|-----|---|---|---|
| Access | r | r/w | r | r | r |
| Function | PU | CMD | CPR | POL | CPA |

Default Value      1   1   1   1   1

PU: Factory set to 1. QSDW050A0B requires On/Off(i) pin to be connected to proper input rail for module to power up. This bit is used together with the CMD, CPR and ON bits to determine startup.

| Bit Value | Action |
|-----------|--------|
| 1 | Module does not power up until commanded by the analog ON/OFF pinand the OPERATION command as programmed in bits [2:0] of the ON_OFF_CONFIG register. |

CMD: The CMD bit controls how the device responds to the OPERATION command.

| Bit Value | Action |
|-----------|--------|
| 0 | Module ignores the ON bit in the OPERATION command |
| 1 | Module responds to the ON bit in the OPERATION command |

CPR: Factory set to 1. QSDW050A0B requires On/Off(i) pin to be connected to proper input rail for module to power up. This bit is used together with the CMD and ON bits to determine startup.

| Bit Value | Action |
|-----------|--------|
| 1 | Module requires the analog ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit |

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Adjusting Input Undervoltage Lockout

The module allows adjustment of the input under voltage lockout and hysteresis. The command VIN_ON allows setting the input voltage turn on threshold, while the VIN_OFF command sets the input voltage turn off threshold. For both the VIN_ON and VIN_OFF commands, possible values range from 32.000 to 46.000V in 0.125V steps. VIN_ON must be 2.000V greater than VIN_OFF.

Both the VIN_ON and VIN_OFF commands use the "Linear" format with two data bytes. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid. The data associated with VIN_ON and VIN_OFF can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

## Adjusting Soft Start Delay and Rise Time

The soft start delay and rise time can be adjusted in the module via PMBus. The TON_DELAY command sets the delay time in ms, and allows choosing delay times between 10ms and 500ms, with resolution of 0.5ms. The TON_RISE command sets the rise time in ms, and allows choosing soft start times between 15ms and 500ms, with resolution of 0.5ms. When setting TON_RISE, make sure that the charging current for output capacitors can be delivered by the module in addition to any load current to avoid nuisance tripping of the overcurrent protection circuitry during startup. Both the TON_RISE and TON_DELAY commands use the "Linear" format with two data bytes. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –1 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid. The data associated with TON_RISE and TON_DELAY can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

## Adjusting Output Voltage

The QSDW050A0B module output voltage set point is adjusted using the VOUT_COMMAND. The output voltage setting uses the Linear data format, with the 16 bits of the VOUT_COMMAND formatted as an unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal) (read from VOUT_MODE).

$$V_{OUT} = \text{Mantissa} \times 2^{-12}$$

The range limits for VOUT_COMMAND are 9.60V to 13.20V, and the resolution is 0.244mV. The data associated with VOUT_COMMAND can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

## Margining Output Voltage

The QSDW050A0B module can also have its output voltage margined via PMBus commands. The command VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH sets the margin high voltage, while the command VOUT_MARGIN_LOW sets the margin low voltage. Both the VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH and VOUT_MARGIN_LOW commands use the "Linear" mode with the exponent fixed at – 12 (decimal). The data associated with VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH and VOUT_MARGIN_LOW can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

The module is commanded to go to the margined high or low voltages using the OPERATION command. Bits [5:2] are used to enable margining as follows:

    00XX : Margin Off
    0110 : Margin Low (Act on Fault)
    1010  : Margin High (Act on Fault)

## Adjusting Control-Loop Compensation

While the default control-loop compensation has been set to meet the specified capacitance range and transient response requirements, users may adjust the compensation to optimize the module's transient response and extend its external output capacitance capability using a simulation model available from your OmniOn representative. Specifically, compensation coefficients KP, KI, KD, and ALPHA may be adjusted using PMBus commands 0xE3 through 0xE6. Some typical values are given in the table below

| Low-ESR bulk C (uF) | Ceramic Cap (uF) | KP | KI | KD | ALPHA |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 470 - 5000* | | 2300 | 45 | -1200 | 200 |
| 11,000 | 303 | 5000 | 45 | -1200 | 200 |
| 20,000 | | 7000 | 45 | -1200 | 200 |

* default compensation

## Measuring Output Voltage

The module can provide output voltage information using the READ_VOUT command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format, with the 16 bits of the READ_VOUT formatted as an unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal).

During module manufacture, an offset correction value is written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of VOUT. The command MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a signed 16-bit mantissa in two's complement format, using a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal). The resolution is 0.244mV. The corrected Output voltage reading is then given by:

$V_{OUT}$ (Read) = [$V_{OUT}$( A / D) +

MFR _VOUT _ READ _ CAL _ OFFSET

# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Measuring Input Voltage

The module can provide input voltage information using the READ_VIN command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid.

During module manufacture, offset and gain correction values are written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of Vin. The command MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at -3) and a 11-bit mantissa in two's complement format. The resolution is 125mV. The command MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN can be used to read the gain correction - two bytes consisting of an unsigned 16 bit number. The resolution of this correction factor 0.000122. The corrected input voltage reading is then given by:

$V_{IN}$ (Read) =

$[V_{IN} ( A/D) \times (MFR \_ VIN \_ READ \_ CAL \_ GAIN / 8192)]$

$+MFR \_ VIN \_ READ \_ CAL \_ OFFSET$

## Measuring Output Current

The module measures output current by using a current transformer as the current sense element. The module can provide output current information using the READ_IOUT command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid. Output current readings are blanked below 1.65A.

During module manufacture, offset and gain correction values are written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of IOUT. The command MFR_IOUT_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at –3) and a 11-bit mantissa in two's complement format. The resolution is 62.5mA. The command MFR_IOUT_CAL_GAIN can be used to read the gain correction - two bytes consisting of a unsigned 16 bit number. The resolution of this correction factor 0.000122. The READ_IOUT command provides module average output current information. This command only supports positive current sourced from the module. If the converter is sinking current a reading of 0 is provided

$I_{OUT}$ (Read) =

$[I_{OUT} ( A/D) \times (MFR \_ IOUT \_ CAL \_ GAIN / 8192 )]$

$+MFR \_ IOUT \_ CAL \_ OFFSET$

Note that the current reading provided by the module is corrected for temperature.

## Measuring Internal Module Temperature

The module can provide temperature information using the READ_TEMPERATURE_1 command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –2 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa.

Note that the module's temperature sensor is located close to the module hot spot TH1 (see Thermal Considerations). and is subjected to temperatures higher than the ambient air temperature near the module. The temperature reading will be highly influenced by module load and airflow conditions.

## Reading Status of the Module

The module supports a number of status information commands implemented in PMBus. However, not all features are supported in these commands. A X in the FLAG cell indicates the bit is not supported.

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

STATUS_WORD : Returns two bytes of information with a summary of the module's fault/warning conditions.

| Bit Position | Flag | Default Value |
|---|---|---|
| 15 | VOUT fault | 0 |
| 14 | IOUT fault or warning | 0 |
| 13 | Input Voltage fault | 0 |
| 12 | X | 0 |
| 11 | POWER_GOOD# (is negated) | 0 |
| 10 | X | 0 |
| 9 | X | 0 |
| 8 | X | 0 |

**High Byte**

| Bit Position | Flag | Default Value |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | X | 0 |
| 6 | OFF | 0 |
| 5 | VOUT Overvoltage | 0 |
| 4 | IOUT Overcurrent | 0 |
| 3 | VIN Undervoltage | 0 |
| 2 | Temperature | 0 |
| 1 | CML (Comm. Memory Fault) | 0 |
| 0 | X | 0 |

**Low Byte**

STATUS_VOUT : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output voltage related faults.

| Bit Position | Flag | Default Value |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | VOUT OV Fault | 0 |
| 6 | X | 0 |
| 5 | X | 0 |
| 4 | X | 0 |
| 3 | X | 0 |
| 2 | X | 0 |
| 1 | X | 0 |
| 0 | X | 0 |

STATUS_IOUT : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output current related faults.

| Bit Position | Flag | Default Value |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | IOUT OC Fault | 0 |
| 6 | X | 0 |
| 5 | IOUT OC Warning | 0 |
| 4 | X | 0 |
| 3 | X | 0 |
| 2 | X | 0 |
| 1 | X | 0 |
| 0 | X | 0 |

STATUS_INPUT : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's input voltage related faults.

| Bit Position | Flag | Default Value |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | VIN OV Fault | 0 |
| 6 | X | 0 |
| 5 | X | 0 |
| 4 | VIN UV Fault | 0 |
| 3 | Module Off (Low VIN) | 0 |
| 2 | X | 0 |
| 1 | X | 0 |
| 0 | X | 0 |

STATUS_TEMPERATURE : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's temperature related faults.

| Bit Position | Flag | Default Value |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | OT Fault | 0 |
| 6 | OT Warning | 0 |
| 5 | X | 0 |
| 4 | X | 0 |
| 3 | X | 0 |
| 2 | X | 0 |
| 1 | X | 0 |
| 0 | X | 0 |

STATUS_CML : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's communication related faults.

| Bit Position | Flag | Default Value |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | Invalid/Unsupported Command | 0 |
| 6 | Invalid/Unsupported Data | 0 |
| 5 | Packet Error Check Failed | 0 |
| 4 | X | 0 |
| 3 | X | 0 |
| 2 | X | 0 |
| 1 | X | 0 |
| 0 | X | 0 |

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## Summary of Supported PMBus Commands

This section outlines the PMBus command support for the QSDW050A0B bus converters. Each supported command is outlined in order of increasing command codes with a quick reference table of all supported commands included at the end of the section.

Each command will have the following basic information.

## Command Name [Code]

Command support Data format
Factory default
Additional information may be provided in tabular form or other format, if necessary.

## OPERATION [0x01]

Command support: On/Off Immediate and Margins (Act on Fault). Soft off with sequencing not supported and Margins (Ignore Fault) not supported. Therefore bits 6, 3, 2, 1 and 0 set as read only at factory defaults.

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r/w | r | r/w | r/w | r | r | r | r |
| Function | ON/OFF | | Bits[5:4] | | Bits[3:2] | | N/A | |
| Default Value | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## ON_OFF_CONFIG [0x02]

Command support: Bit 1 polarity will be set based upon module code [0=Negative on/off logic, 1=positive on/off logic to allow customer system to know hardware on/off logic

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r | r | r | r | r/w | r |
| Function | (reserved) | | | Bit 4 pu | Bit 3 cmd | Bit 2 cpr | Bit 1 pol | Bit 0 cpa |
| Default Value | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | module code | 1 |

## CLEAR_FAULTS [0x03]

Command support: All functionality

## STORE_DEFAULT_ALL[0x11]

Command support: All functionality – Stores operating parameters to EEprom memory.
Command requires ≤ 500ms to execute. Delay any additional commands to module for sufficient time to complete execution.

## RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL[0x12]

Command support: All functionality – Restores operating parameters from EEprom memory.
Command requires ≤ 200ms to execute. Delay any additional commands to module for sufficient time to complete execution.

## VOUT_MODE[0x20]

Command support: Supported. Factory default: 0x14 – indicates linear mode with exp = -12

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r | r | r | r | r | r |
| Function | Mode (linear) | | | 2's complement exponent | | | | |
| Default Value | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

# Technical Specifications (continued)

## VOUT_COMMAND [0x21]

Data format            :16 bit unsigned mantissa (implied exponent per VOUT_MODE)
Factory default         :12.000V (12.00/$2^{-12}$ → 49,152 = 0xC000) [standard code]
                                     12.200V (12.20/$2^{-12}$ → 49,971 = 0xC333) [-44 option]
Range limits (max/min) : 13.200V/9.600V
Units                           : volt
Command support      : Supported

## VOUT_CAL_OFFSET [0x23]

Range limits (max/min) :+0.25/-0.25
Units                           : volt
Command support      : read/write support, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE, functionality implemented

## VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH [0x25]

Range limits (max/min) : 13.2/9.6
Units                           : volt
Command support      : read/write support, full functionality except "Ignore faults".
Note                            : Range cross-check - value must be greater than VOUT_MARGIN_LOW value.

## VOUT_MARGIN_LOW [0x26]

Range limits (max/min) : 13.2/9.6
Units                           : volt
Command support      : read/write support, full functionality except "Ignore faults".
Note                            : Range cross-check - value must be less than VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH value.

## VOUT_DROOP [0x28]

Factory default         : 0 (No droop); 10 (Parallel operation) Range limits (max/min):  50/0
Units                           : mv/A
Command support      : All functionality

## VIN_ON [0x35]

Range limits (max/min) : 46/34
Units                           : volt
Command support      : All functionality
Note                            : Special interlock checks between VIN_ON and VIN_OFF maintain a hysteresis gap of 2V
                                     minimum and do not allow the OFF level to be higher than and ON level

## VIN_OFF [0x36]

Range limits (max/min) : 46/32
Units                           : volt
Command support      : All functionality
Note                            : Special interlock checks between VIN_ON and VIN_OFF maintain a hysteresis gap of 2V
                                     minimum and do not allow the OFF level to be higher than and ON level

## VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT [0x40]

Range limits (max/min) : 15.99/10.9 (See note 2)
Units                           : volt
Command support      : All functionality
Note                            : 1. Range cross- check – value must be greater than VOUT_COMMAND value.
                                     2.The maximum OV Fault Limit equals the output set point plus 3V, up to 15.99V. This is
                                     an automatic module protection feature that will override a user-set fault limit if the
                                     user limit is set too high.

# Technical Specifications (continued)

## VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x41]

**Command support:**

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) – only a setting of 10, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below, is supported.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) – only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit continuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shut down.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) – only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit shuts down in response to a VOUT over voltage condition.
- The unit will continuously restart (normal startup) while the VOUT over voltage condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shut down.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r/w | r/w | r/w | r | r | r |
| Function | RSP[1] | RSP[0] | RS[2] | RS[1] | RS[0] | DT[2] | DT[1] | DT[0] |
| Default Value | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT [0x46]

Range limits (max/min)  : 60/20 Units: amp
Command support         : All functionality
Note                    : Range cross-check – value must be greater than IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT value.

## IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x47]

**Command support:**

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) – only settings of 11, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below, is supported.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) – only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit continuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shut down.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) – only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit shuts down in response to an IOUT over current condition.
- The unit will continuously restart (normal startup) while the IOUT over current condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shut down.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r/w | r/w | r/w | r | r | r |
| Function | RSP[1] | RSP[0] | RS[2] | RS[1] | RS[0] | DT[2] | DT[1] | DT[0] |
| Default Value | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT [0x4A]

Range limits (max/min)  : 60/10
Units                   : amp
Command support         : read/write support, functionality complete
Note                    : Range cross-check – value must be less than IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT value.

# Technical Specifications (continued)

## OT_FAULT_LIMIT [0x4F]

Range limits (max/min)   : 140/25
Units                    : degrees C
Command support          : All functionality
Note                     : Range cross-check – value must be greater than OT_WARN_LIMIT value.

## OT_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x50]

**Command support:**

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) – only setting of 10, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) – only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit cotinuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or   another fault condition causes the unit to shut down.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) – only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the OT_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit shuts down in response to an over-temperature condition.
- The unit will continuously restart (normal startup) while the over-temperature condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shut down.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r/w | r/w | r/w | r | r | r |
| Function | RSP[1] | RSP[0] | RS[2] | RS[1] | RS[0] | DT[2] | DT[1] | DT[0] |
| Default Value | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## OT_WARN_LIMIT [0x51]

Range limits (max/min)   : 125/25
Units                    : degrees C.
Command support          : All functionality
Note                     : Range cross-check – value must be less than OT_FAULT_LIMIT value.

## VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT [0x55]

Range limits (max/min)   : 90/48
Units                    : volt
Command support          : All functionality

## VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x56]

**Command support:**

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) – only settings of 11 (The device's output is disabled while the fault is present.) is supported.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) – only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) – only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit shuts down in response to a VIN over voltage condition.
- The unit will continuously prepare to restart (normal startup) while the VIN over voltage condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed, the VIN over voltage condition is removed, or another fault condition causes the unit to shut down.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r | r | r | r | r | r |
| Function | RSP[1] | RSP[0] | RS[2] | RS[1] | RS[0] | DT[2] | DT[1] | DT[0] |
| Default Value | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## POWER_GOOD_ON [0x5E]

Range limits (max/min): 13.2/9.4
Units                              : volt
Command support         : full support
Note                               : Range cross-check – value must be greater than POWER_GOOD_OFF value by 1.6V.

## POWER_GOOD_OFF [0x5F]

Range limits (max/min) : 11.6/7.8
Units                              : volt
Command support         : full support
Note                               : Range cross-check – value must be less than POWER_GOOD_ON value by 1.6V.

## TON_DELAY [0x60]

Range limits (max/min) : 500/10
Units                              : milliseconds
Command support         : full support

## TON_RISE [0x61]

Range limits (max/min) : 500/15
Units                              : milliseconds
Command support         : full support

## STATUS_WORD [0x79]

Command support: full implementation for supported functions (note: Fans, MFR_SPECIFIC, Unknown not supported)

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| Access | r | r | r | r | r | r | r | r |
| Function | VOUT | I/POUT | INPUT | MFR_SPEC[1] | #PWR_GOOD | FANS[1] | OTHER[1] | UNKNOWN[1] |

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r | r | r | r | r | r |
| Function | BUSY[1] | OUTPUT_OFF | VOUT_OV_FAULT | IOUT_OC_FAULT | VIN_UV_FAULT | TEMP | CML | NONE OF ABOVE[1] |

[1]Not supported

## STATUS_VOUT [0x7A]

Command support: VOUT_OV_FAULT support, all bit reset supported

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r/reset(1) | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset |
| Function | VOUT_OV_FAULT | VOUT_OV_WARN[1] | VOUT_UV_WARN[1] | VOUT_UV_FAULT[1] | VOUT_MAX_WARN[1] | TON_MAX_FAULT[1] | TOFF_MAX_WARN[1] | VOUT TRACKING ERROR[1] |

[1]Not supported

## Technical Specifications (continued)

### STATUS_IOUT [0x7B]
Command support: IOUT_OC_FAULT support, all bit reset supported

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r/ reset(1) | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset |
| Function | IOUT_OC _FAULT | IOUT_OC _LV _FAULT[1] | IOUT_OC _WARN | IOUT_UC _FAULT[1] | Current ShareFault[1] | In Power Limiting Mode[1] | POUT_OP _FAULT[1] | POUT_OP _WARN[1] |

[1]Not supported

### STATUS_INPUT [0x7C]
Command support: VIN_OV_FAULT support, all bit reset supported

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r/ reset(1) | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset |
| Function | VIN_OV _FAULT | VIN_OV _WARN[1] | VIN_UV _WARN[1] | VIN_UV _FAULT | Unit Off (low input volt-age) | IIN_OC _FAULT[1] | IIN_OC _WARN[1] | PIN_OP _WARN[1] |

[1]Not supported

### STATUS_TEMPERATURE [0x7D]
Command support: OT_WARN, OT_FAULT supported, all bit reset supported

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r/ reset(1) | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset |
| Function | OT_ FAULT | OT_ WARN | UT_ WARN[1] | UT_ FAULT[1] | reserved | reserved | reserved | reserved |

[1]Not supported

### STATUS_CML [0x7E]
Command support: PEC_FAULT, INVALID_DATA, INVALID_CMD supported, all bit reset supported

| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r/ reset(1) | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset | r/ reset |
| Function | INVALID CMD | INVALID DATA | PEC FAILED | MEMORY FAULT[1] | PROC FAULT[1] | reserved | COM FAULT (other)[1] | Memory/ Logic fault (other)[1] |

[1]Not supported

### READ_VIN [0x88]
Command support: full support

### READ_VOUT [0x8B]
Command support: full support

### READ_IOUT [0x8C]
Command support: full support

### READ_TEMPERATURE_1 [0x8D]
Command support: full support

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## MFR_DEVICE_TYPE [0xD0]

Command support: partial support in place (Module Name) - Write protection does not cover all Bits

| Format | | | | | | | | | | Unsigned Binary | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bit Pos. | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w | r | r | r | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w |
| Function | Reserved | | | | | | | | Module Name | | | | | | WPE | Res |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

| Byte | Bit | Description | Value | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| High Byte | 7:0 | Reserved | | |
| Low Byte | 7:2 | Module Name[1] | 1xxxxx | Module Name |
| | 1 | WPE | 0 | Write Protect Enable not active. |
| | | | 1 | Write Protect Enable active. |
| | 0 | Reserved | 0 | Reserved |

1.Present module designations (Non-isolated units will have a 0XXXXX format)

   a.101000


## MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_GAIN [0xD1]

Range limits (max/min)  : 0x2666/0x1999
Units                   : N/A
Command support         : support for VOUT gain calibration (factor in flash), lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

## MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_OFFSET [0xD2]

Range limits (max/min)  : exp must = -12
Units                   : N/A
Command support         : support for VOUT offset calibration (factor in flash), lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

## MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN [0xD3]

Range limits (max/min)  : 0x2666/0x1999
Command support         : support for VIN gain calibration (factor in flash), lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

## MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFFSET [0xD4]

Data format             : VIN linear format
Range limits (max/min)  : exp must = -3
Units                   : N/A
Command support         : support for VIN offset calibration (factor in flash), lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

## MFR_IOUT_CAL_GAIN [0xD6]

Range limits (max/min)  : 0x2666/0x1999
Units                   : N/A
Command support         : support for IOUT gain calibration, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

## MFR_IOUT_CAL_OFFSET [0xD7]

Range limits (max/min)  : exp must = -3
Units                   : N/A
Command support         : support for IOUT offset calibration, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

## MFR_FW_REV [0xDB]

Range limits (max/min)  : 9999/0000
Units                   : N/A
Command support         : full read support
Example                 : 0x1192 indicates firmware revision 1.1.92.

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## MFR_C1_C2_ARA_CONFIG [0xE0]

Command Code
Command support: Full support.

| Command | MFR_C1_C2_ARA_CONFIG | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w | r/w |
| Function | Reserved | | | ARA | Assignment Table | | | |
| Default Value | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bit | Description | Value | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:5 | Reserved | 000 | Reserved |
| 4 | ARA | 0 | ARA not functional, module remains at resistor programmed address when SMBLAERT is          asserted |
| | | 1 | ARA functional, module responds to ARA only, when SMBLAERT is asserted |
| 3:0 | PIN Configuration* | 0000 | T/C1 pin: ON/OFF (Secondary)<br>C2 pin: POWER_GOOD |
| | | 0001 | T/C1 pin: TRIM<br>C2 pin: POWER_GOOD |
| | | 0010 | T/C1 pin: TRIM<br>C2 pin: ON/OFF (Secondary) |

* With -P option, only configuration 0000 is supported

## MFR_ C2_LOGIC [0xE1]

Command Code
Command support: full support (bits 0 and 1) as follows:

| Command | MFR_C2_LOGIC | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | r | r | r | r | r | r/ w | r/ w |
| Function | Reserved | | | | | | On/Off(primary & secondary) combination | logic |
| Default Value | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bit | Description | Value | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:2 | Reserved | 000000 | Reserved |
| 1 | ON/OFF | 0 | Secondary side on/off pin state when mapped to either T/C1 or C2 is ignored |
| | | 1 | AND – Primary and Secondary side on/off |
| 0 | Secondary Side ON/ OFF Logic | 0 | Negative Logic (Low Enable:  Input < 0.8V wrt Vout(-) |
| | | 1 | Positive Logic (High Enable:  Input > 2.0V wrt Vout(-) |

## MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY [0xE2]

Command support: full support (bit 0) as follows:

Bit 0        : 0 = Negative PGOOD logic (module PGOOD asserted when pin is LO, PGOOD de-asserted
               when pin is HI)
             1 = Positive PGOOD logic (module PGOOD de-asserted when pin is LO, PGOOD asserted when  pin is HI)

| Command | MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Format | 8 bit unsigned (bit field) | | | | | | | |
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Access | r | R | r | r | r | r | r | r/w |
| Function | Reserved | | | | | | | logic |
| Default Value | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

# Technical Specifications (continued)

## MFR_SPECIFIC_KP [0xE3]

Value used to program specific proportional coefficient of the PID compensation Block.
Range limits (max/min): 32767/-32768, Default 2300 [08FC(h)]
Command support        :  Full support.

## MFR_SPECIFIC_KI [0xE4]

Value used to program specific integral coefficient of the PID compensation Block.
Range limits (max/min): 32767/-32768, Default value 45 [(002D(h)]
Units                  :  N/A
Command support        :  Full support.

## MFR_SPECIFIC_KD [0xE5]

Value used to program specific differential coefficient of the PID compensation Block.
Range limits (max/min): 32767/-32768, Default value –1200 [(FB50(h)]
Units                  :  N/A
Command support        :  Full support.

## MFR_SPECIFIC_ALPHA [0xE6]

Value used to program specific alpha value of the PID compensation block.
Range limits (max/min): 255/-256, Default value 200 [00C8(h)]
Units                  :  N/A
Command support        :  Full support.

## MFR_MODULE_DATE_LOC_SN [0xF0]

Command support        :  read/write support for 12 byte block, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

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# Technical Specifications (continued)

## PMBus Command Quick Reference Table

| PMBUS CMD | CMD CODE | DATA BYTES | DATA FORMAT | DATA UNITS | TRANSFER TYPE | DEFAULT VALUE[1] MS=Module specific |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| OPERATION | 0x01 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R/part W byte | 0x88 |
| ON_OFF_CONFIG | 0x02 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R byte | 0x1D (Neg Logic); 0x1F (Pos Logic) |
| CLEAR_FAULTS | 0x03 | 0 | N/A | N/A | Send byte | none |
| STORE_DEFAULT_ALL | 0x11 | 0 | N/A | N/A | Send byte | none |
| RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL | 0x12 | 0 | N/A | N/A | Send byte | none |
| VOUT_MODE | 0x20 | 1 | mode + exp | N/A | Read byte | 0x14 |
| VOUT_COMMAND | 0x21 | 2 | VOUT linear | Volts | R/W word | 12.000V |
| VOUT_CAL_OFFSET | 0x23 | 2 | VOUT linear | Volts | R/W word | MS |
| VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH | 0x25 | 2 | VOUT linear | Volts | R/W word | 12.600V |
| VOUT_MARGIN_LOW | 0x26 | 2 | VOUT linear | Volts | R/W word | 11.400V |
| VOUT_DROOP | 0x28 | 2 | VOUT linear | mV/A | R/W word | 0 |
| VIN_ON | 0x35 | 2 | VIN linear | v | R/W word | 35.000V |
| VIN_OFF | 0x36 | 2 | VIN linear | v | R/W word | 33.000V |
| VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT | 0x40 | 2 | VOUT linear | v | R/W word | 15.000V |
| VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE | 0x41 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R/W byte | 0xB8 |
| IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT | 0x46 | 2 | IOUT linear | Amps | R/W word | 60.000A |
| IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE | 0x47 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R/part W byte | 0xF8 |
| IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT | 0x4A | 2 | IOUT linear | Amps | R/W word | 45.000A |
| OT_FAULT_LIMIT | 0x4F | 2 | TEMP linear | Deg. C | R/W word | 129°C |
| OT_FAULT_RESPONSE | 0x50 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R/part W byte | 0xB8 |
| OT_WARN_LIMIT | 0x51 | 2 | TEMP linear | Deg. C | R/W word | 120°C |
| VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT | 0x55 | 2 | VIN linear | v | R/W word | 85V |
| VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE | 0x56 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R/part W byte | 0xC0 |
| POWER_GOOD_ON | 0x5E | 2 | VOUT linear | v | R/W word | 10.100V |
| POWER_GOOD_OFF | 0x5F | 2 | VOUT linear | V | R/W word | 8.500V |
| TON_DELAY | 0x60 | 2 | Time linear | msec | R/W word | 0ms |
| TON_RISE | 0x61 | 2 | Time linear | msec | R/W word | 14ms (w/o –P option); 150ms (w/ -P option) |
| STATUS_WORD | 0x79 | 2 | Bit field | N/A | Read word | N/A |
| STATUS_VOUT | 0x7A | 1 | Bit field | N/A | Read byte | N/A |
| STATUS_IOUT | 0x7B | 1 | Bit field | N/A | Read byte | N/A |
| STATUS_INPUT | 0x7C | 1 | Bit field | N/A | Read byte | N/A |
| STATUS_TEMPERATURE | 0x7D | 1 | Bit field | N/A | Read byte | N/A |
| STATUS_CML | 0x7E | 1 | Bit field | N/A | Read byte | N/A |
| READ_VIN | 0x88 | 2 | VIN linear | v | Read word | N/A |
| READ_VOUT | 0x8B | 2 | VOUT linear | v | Read word | N/A |
| READ_IOUT | 0x8C | 2 | IOUT linear | Amps | Read word | N/A |
| READ_TEMP1 | 0x8D | 2 | TEMP linear | Deg. C | Read word | N/A |
| PMBUS_REVISION | 0x98 | 1 | Bit Field | n/a | Read byte | 1.2 |
| MFR_DEVICE_TYPE | 0xD0 | 2 | Custom | N/A | R/part W word | 0x00A2 |
| MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_GAIN | 0xD1 | 2 | 16 bit unsigned | N/A | Read word | MS |
| MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_OFF | 0xD2 | 2 | VOUT linear | N/A | Read word | MS |
| MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN | 0xD3 | 2 | 16 bit unsigned | N/A | Read word | MS |
| MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFF | 0xD4 | 2 | VIN linear | N/A | Read word | MS |
| MFR_IOUT_CAL_GAIN | 0xD6 | 2 | 16 bit unsigned | N/A | Read word | MS |
| MFR_IOUT_CAL_OFFSET | 0xD7 | 2 | IOUT linear | N/A | Read word | MS |
| MFR_FW_REV | 0xDB | 2 | 16 bit unsigned | N/A | Read byte | 0x1193 |
| MFR_C1_C2_ARA_CONFIG | 0xE0 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R/part W byte | 0x00 |
| MFR_ C2_LOGIC | 0xE1 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R/part W byte | 0x00 |
| MFR_PGOOD _POLARITY | 0xE2 | 1 | Bit field | N/A | R/part W byte | 0x01 |
| MFR_SPECIFIC_KP | 0xE3 | 2 | 16 bit signed | N/A | R/W word | 2300 |
| MFR_SPECIFIC_KI | 0xE4 | 2 | 16 bit signed | N/A | R/W word | 45 |
| MFR_SPECIFIC_KD | 0xE5 | 2 | 16 bit signed | N/A | R/W word | -1200 |
| MFR_SPECIFIC_ALPHA | 0xE6 | 2 | 16 bit signed | N/A | R/W word | 200 |
| MFR_MOD_DATE_LOC_SN | 0xF0 | 12 | 8 bit char | N/A | R block | YYLLWW123456 |
| MFR_UPLOAD_BLACK_BOX (future) | 0xF1 | ≤32 | 8 bit char | N/A | R block | future |

1- Following final test and ready to ship to customer

# Technical Specifications (continued)

## QSDW050A0B Mechanical Outline

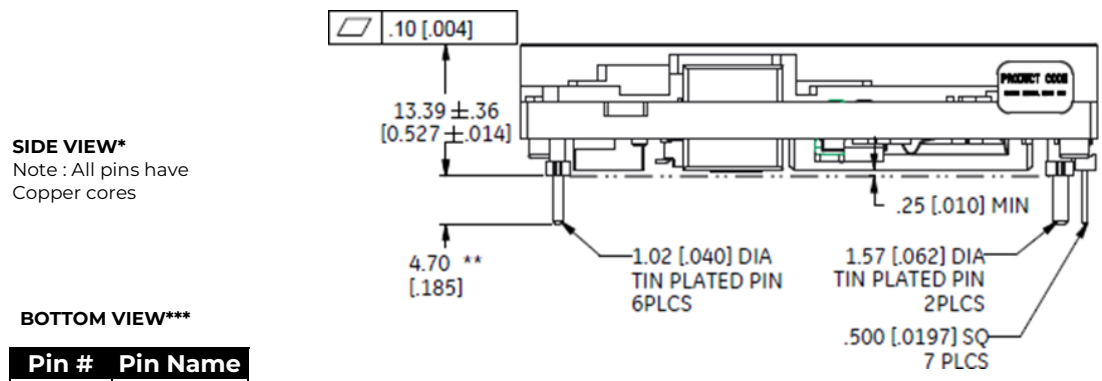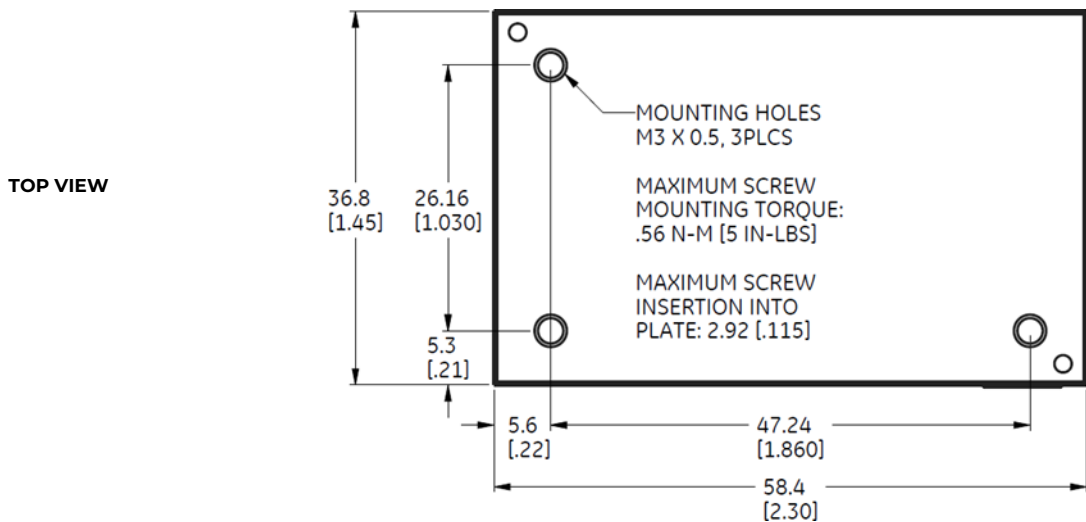Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].
Tolerances: x.x mm ±0.5 mm [x.xx in. ±0.02 in.] (Unless otherwise indicated)
x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.]

*Side label includes product designation, and data code.

** Standard pin tail length. Optional pin tail lengths shown in Table 2, Device Options.

***Bottom label includes OmniOn name, product designation, and data code

**TOP VIEW**

**SIDE VIEW***
Note : All pins have Copper cores

**BOTTOM VIEW***

| Pin # | Pin Name |
|-------|----------|
| 1 | VIN(+) |
| 2 | ON/OFF |
| 3 | VIN(-) |
| 4 | VOUT(-) |
| 5 | SENSE(-) |
| 6 | TRIM/C1 |
| 7 | SENSE(+) |
| 8 | VOUT(+) |
| 9 | C2 |
| 10 | SIG_GND |
| 11 | DATA |
| 12 | SMBALERT |
| 13 | CLK |
| 14 | ADDR1 |
| 15 | ADDR0 |

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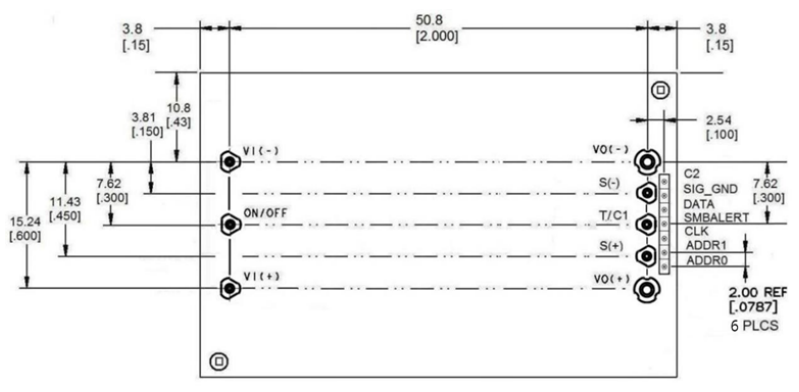
# Technical Specifications (continued)

## QSDW050A0B Recommended Pad Layouts

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.x mm ±0.5 mm [x.xx in. ±0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ±0.25 mm [x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

### For hand, selective or reflow soldering

| Pin Number | Pin Name |
|---|---|
| 1 | VIN(+) |
| 2 | ON/OFF |
| 3 | VIN(-) |
| 4 | VOUT(-) |
| 5 | SENSE(-) |
| 6 | TRIM/C1 |
| 7 | SENSE(+) |
| 8 | VOUT(+) |
| 9 | C2 |
| 10 | SIG_GND |
| 11 | DATA |
| 12 | SMBALERT |
| 13 | CLK |
| 14 | ADDR1 |
| 15 | ADDR0 |
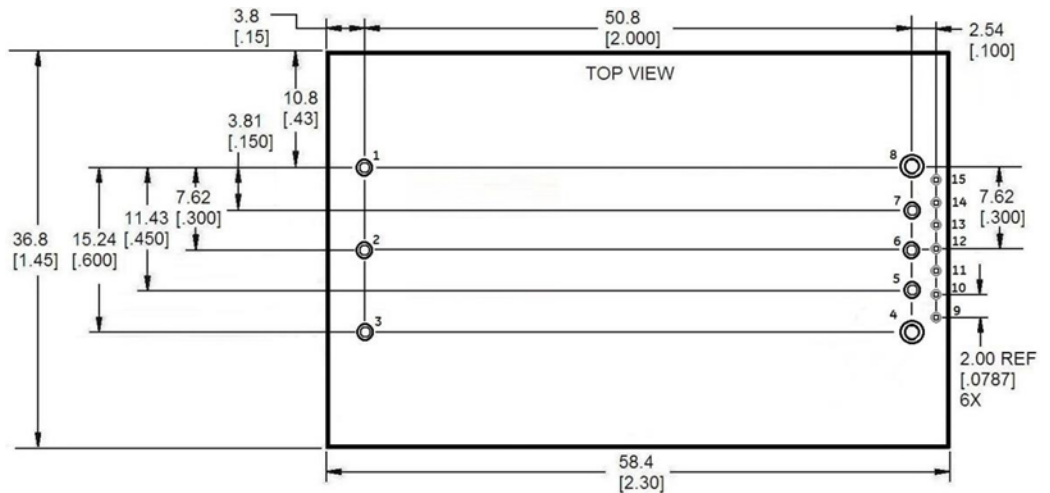
Hole and Pad diameter recommendation:

| Pin Number | Hole Dia mm [in] | Pad Dia mm [in] |
|---|---|---|
| 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 | 1.6 [.063] | 2.1 [.083] |
| 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 | 1.0 [.039] | 1.5 [.059] |
| 4, 8 | 2.0 [.078] | 3.2 [.126] |

### For wave soldering

| Pin Number | Pin Name |
|---|---|
| 1 | VIN(+) |
| 2 | ON/OFF |
| 3 | VIN(-) |
| 4 | VOUT(-) |
| 5 | SENSE(-) |
| 6 | TRIM/C1 |
| 7 | SENSE(+) |
| 8 | VOUT(+) |
| 9 | C2 |
| 10 | SIG_GND |
| 11 | DATA |
| 12 | SMBALERT |
| 13 | CLK |
| 14 | ADDR1 |
| 15 | ADDR0 |

Hole and Pad diameter recommendation:

| Pin Number | Hole Dia mm [in] | Pad Dia mm [in] |
|---|---|---|
| 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 | 1.6 [.063] | 2.1 [.083] |
| 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 | 1.0 [.039] | 1.5 [.059] |
| 4, 8 | Oval land having 45 degrees rotation with plated slots 2.3 mm x 3.05 mm (with top and bottom pad of 2.92 x 3.66 mm) | |

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## QSVW050A0B Mechanical Outline

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

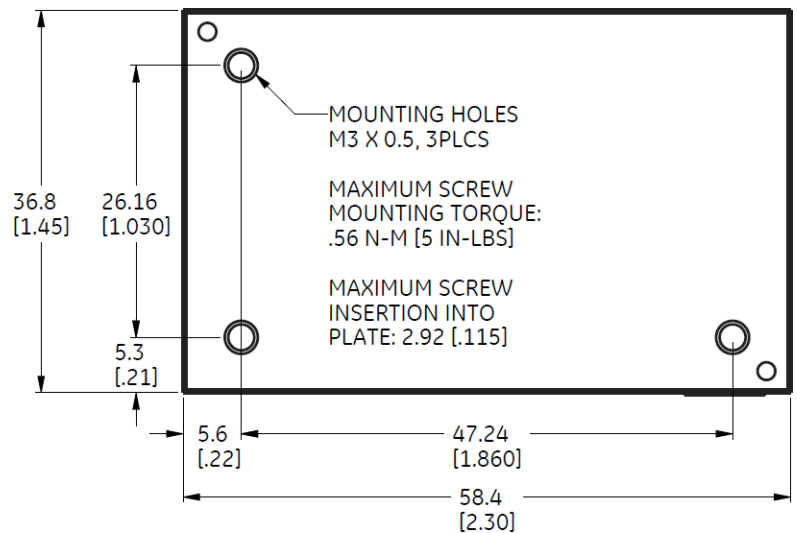Tolerances: x.x mm ±0.5 mm [x.xx in. ±0.02 in.] (Unless otherwise indicated)

      x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.]

      *Side label includes product designation, and data code.

      ** Standard pin tail length. Optional pin tail lengths shown in Table 2, Device Options.
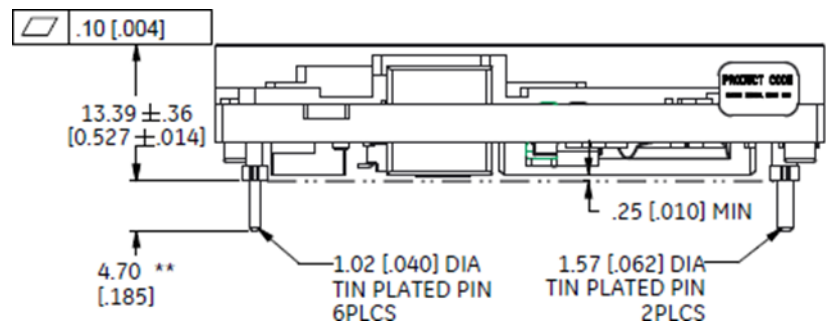
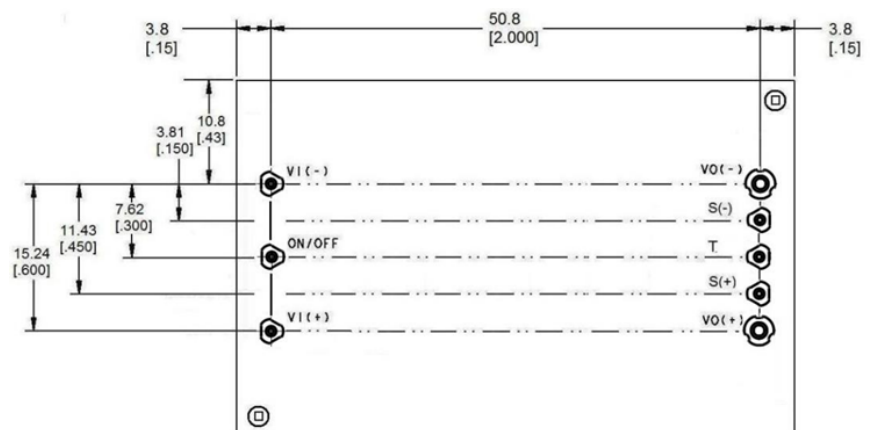      ***Bottom label includes OmniOn name, product designation, and data code

**TOP VIEW**

MOUNTING HOLES
M3 X 0.5, 3PLCS

MAXIMUM SCREW
MOUNTING TORQUE:
.56 N-M [5 IN-LBS]

MAXIMUM SCREW
INSERTION INTO
PLATE: 2.92 [.115]

36.8 [1.45]
26.16 [1.030]
5.3 [.21]
5.6 [.22]
47.24 [1.860]
58.4 [2.30]

**SIDE VIEW***
Note: All pins shall have Copper cores.

.10 [.004]

13.39 ±.36 [0.527 ±.014]

.25 [.010] MIN

4.70 ** [.185]

1.02 [.040] DIA
TIN PLATED PIN
6PLCS

1.57 [.062] DIA
TIN PLATED PIN
2PLCS

**BOTTOM VIEW***

| Pin Number | Pin Name |
|------------|----------|
| 1 | VIN(+) |
| 2 | ON/OFF |
| 3 | VIN(-) |
| 4 | VOUT(-) |
| 5* | SENSE(-) |
| 6* | TRIM/C1 |
| 7* | SENSE(+) |
| 8 | VOUT(+) |

*Absent except for "9" option
(see ord. information)

3.8 [.15]
50.8 [2.000]
3.8 [.15]
3.81 [.150]
10.8 [.43]
7.62 [.300]
11.43 [.450]
15.24 [.600]

VI(-)
ON/OFF
VI(+)
VO(-)
S(-)
T
S(+)
VO(+)

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# Technical Specifications (continued)
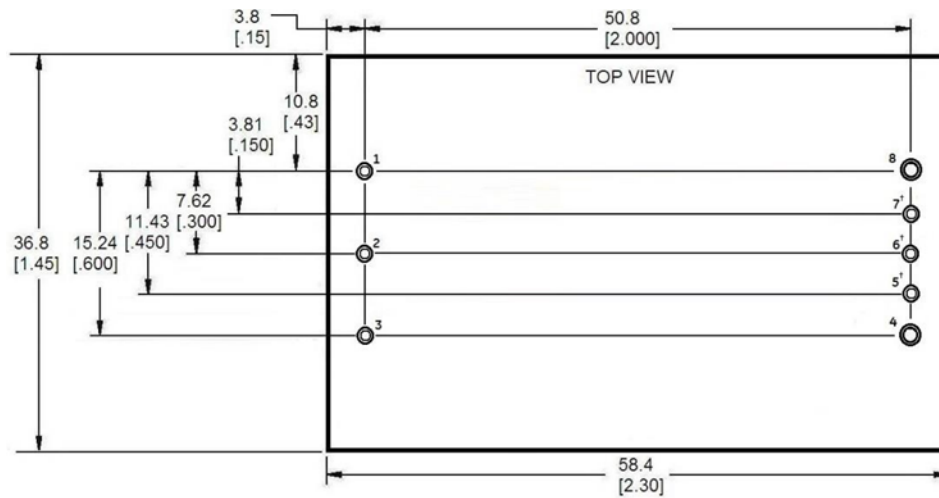
## QSVW050A0B Recommended Pad Layout

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.x mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.[ (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.]

| Pin Number | Pin Name |
|------------|----------|
| 1 | VIN(+) |
| 2 | ON/OFF |
| 3 | VIN(-) |
| 4 | VOUT(-) |
| 5† | SENSE(-) |
| 6† | TRIM/C1 |
| 7† | SENSE(+) |
| 8 | VOUT(+) |

†Absent except for "9" option (see Ordering Information)



Hole and Pad diameter recommendation:

| Pin Number | Hole Dia mm [in] | Pad Dia mm [in] |
|------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 | 1.6 [.063] | 2.1 [.083] |
| 4, 8 | 2.0 [.078] | 3.2 [.126] |

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## Ordering Information

Please contact your OmniOn Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

| Product codes | Input Voltage | Output Voltage | Output Current | Peak Efficiency | Connector Type | MSL Rating | Ordering codes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| QSDW050A0B41-HZ | 48V (36-75V$_{dc}$) | 12V | 50A | 96% | Through hole | 2a | 150037986 |
| QSDW050A0B41-PHZ | 48V (36-75V$_{dc}$) | 12V | 50A | 96% | Through hole | 2a | 150044446 |
| QSDW050A0B641-PHZ | 48V (36-75V$_{dc}$) | 12V | 50A | 96% | Through hole | 2a | 150048506 |
| QSVW050A0B41-HZ | 48V (36-75V$_{dc}$) | 12V | 50A | 96% | Through hole | 2a | 150037988 |
| QSVW050A0B41-PHZ | 48V (36-75V$_{dc}$) | 12V | 50A | 96% | Through hole | 2a | 150044443 |
| QSVW050A0B641-HZ | 48V (36-75V$_{dc}$) | 12V | 50A | 96% | Through hole | 2a | 150052496 |
| QSVW050A0B941-PHZ | 48V (36-75V$_{dc}$) | 12V | 50A | 96% | Through hole | 2a | 1600372132A |

**Table 1. Device Codes**

| | Characteristic | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Definition |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **Character and Position** | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ratings | Form Factor | Q | | | | | | | | | | | | | Q = Quarter Brick |
| | Family Designator | | SD SV | | | | | | | | | | | | SD= BARRACUDA Series with PMBus Interface SV= BARRACUDA Series without PMBus Interface |
| | Input Voltage | | | W | | | | | | | | | | | W = Wide Range, 48/52/54V (36V-75V) |
| | Output Power | | | | 050A0 | | | | | | | | | | 050A0 = 050.0 Amps Maximum Output Current |
| | Output Voltage | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | B= 12.0V nominal |
| Options | Trim and Remote Sense Pins (QSVW only) | | | | | | 9 | | | | | | | | Omit = Exclude Trim & Sense Pins (QS**V**W versions only) 9=Include Trim & Sense Pins (QS**V**W versions only) |
| | Pin Length | | | | | | | 8 6 | | | | | | | Omit = Default Pin Length shown in Mechanical Outline Figures 8 = Pin Length: 2.79 mm ± 0.25mm , (0.110 in. ± 0.010 in.) 6 = Pin Length: 3.68 mm ± 0.25mm , (0.145 in. ± 0.010 in.) |
| | Action following Protective Shutdown | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | Omit = Latching Mode 4 = Auto-restart following shutdown (Overcurrent/Overvoltage) |
| | On/Off Logic | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | Omit = Positive Logic 1 = Negative Logic |
| | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| | Customer Specific Load Share Features | | | | | | | | | | | XY | P | H | XY= Customer Specific Modified Code, Omit for Standard Code P= Forced droop Output for use in parallel applications H= Heat plate , for use with heat sinks or cold walls (must be ordered) |
| | RoHS | | | | | | | | | | | | | Z | Z = RoHS Compliant |

**Table 2. Device Options**

## Contact Us

For more information, call us at
+1-877-546-3243 (US)
+1-972-244-9288 (Int'l)

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## Change History (excludes grammar & clarifications)

| Revision | Date | Description of the change |
|---|---|---|
| 3.6 | 02/08/2022 | Updated as per template and corrected typographical mistake |
| 3.7 | 05/09/2022 | Updated ROHS, PID value on Page 23 |
| 3.8 | 12/01/2023 | Updated as per OmniOn template |

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